

**Lightless Night Tonight**  
All show window, electric  
sign and decorative lights  
must be turned off.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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EDITION**

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# FLANK FOE ACROSS AISNE

**HARVESTER CO.  
DROPS APPEAL;  
WILL DISSOLVE**

**Accepts Decree to  
Dispose of Certain  
of Its Plants.**

(By a Staff Correspondent.)  
Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—[Special]—Dissolution of the International Harvester company, as a result of federal prosecution for violation of the Sherman anti-trust act, is to be effected within a few months.

After years of litigation the Harvester company has finally determined to sue its resistance of government prosecution, and a plan of dissolution, which has been expected for some time, has been agreed upon between the company and the department of justice.

Announcement was made today by the attorney general that the International Harvester company, pursuant to its agreement, will at the ensuing term of the Supreme court of the United States, dismiss its appeal from the decree of the District court, adjoining it a combination in restraint of trade, and ordering its dissolution.

**Terms of Agreement.**  
The effect of this dismissal, "says a memorandum by the department of justice, "will be to leave the decree of the District court as the final decree in the case. The parties will then go in asking the district court to enter an order to carry the decree into effect, providing substantially as follows:

"(a) The Harvester company to dispose of the harvesting machine lines known under the trade names of 'Oshkosh,' 'Milwaukee,' and 'Champlain' the trade names themselves, and all patterns, drawings, blueprints, dies, tools, and other machines and equipment used in the manufacture of these lines, to a responsible and independent manufacturer or manufacturers of agricultural implements."

"(b) The Harvester company to dispose of the plants and works at Springfield, Ill., and Auburn, N. Y., where the Champion and Osborne lines of harvester machines are manufactured.

**Harvest if Not Sold in Year.**  
(c) If not otherwise disposed of within one year, after the close of the harvest war, the before mentioned lines of harvesting machines, etc., to be sold at public auction to the highest bidder.

"(d) The Harvester company to be prohibited after Dec. 31, 1919, from having more than one representative agent in any city or town in the United States for the sale of harvesting machines or other agricultural implements."

"(e) After the expiration of eighteen months after the close of the existing war, the foregoing measures have not proved adequate in the opinion of the government to restore competitive conditions in trade and commerce in harvesting machines and other agricultural implements and to bring about a situation in harmony with law, the government to have the right to such further relief in the present case as may be necessary to that end."

**Fundamental Issue.**

Attorney General Gregory, discussing the case against the Harvester company, has brought it to a conclusion in a formal statement to the following issue at stake:

"The case presented the most fundamental issue which has arisen under the Sherman act since its constitutionality was determined."

The issue is this: The government asserted that combinations of companies units on a scale large enough to make the resulting restriction of competition direct and substantial are illegal, on the theory that it was not the policy of the Sherman act to wait until the evils of undue concentration or commercial power already have come to pass, but rather to strike at the undue concentration of commercial power itself.

**Defendant's Contentions.**

The defendants contended on the ground that such combinations are not unlawful unless the government can further and shows in each particular case that the combination has wrongfully used its power, as for example, by unduly enhancing prices, by unduly limiting the quantity or lowering the quality of product, by unduly lowering wages, etc.—in other words, that monopolistic combines are not unlawful so long as they use their power lawfully.

The effect of the present action is

**GERMANS RETREAT FROM ALBERT**

**FIVE KILLED, 27  
HURT IN WRECK  
OF CAR AND TRAIN**

**Locomotive Crushes  
Car in Argo; Five  
More May Die.**

Two women, two children, and a baby were killed and twenty-seven men, women, and children were hurt, some of them perhaps fatally, when the crew of an Argo street car tried to "beat the crossing" last night.

A freight train on the Belt Line struck the car at Sixty-third street and Archer avenue in Argo, throwing the car twenty feet down a grade.

The passengers were caught in a mass of wreckage. The engine of the train jumped the tracks and tore up the ad-

jacent steel rails.

**THE DEAD:**

Frank Koller, 4 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Koller of 3012 West Grand avenue.

Baby Grana, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl J. Grana, Ninety-first street and the Calumet river.

Everett Sistek, 10 years old, 5615 West Sixty-fourth place.

Unidentified woman, apparently 40 years old, 5 feet 3 inches, brown eyes, blue skirt, 150 pounds.

Unidentified woman, gold filled teeth, brown hair, blue eyes, blue serge suit.

**PROBABLY FATAL INJURED:**

Vincent Mignot of Fifty-eighth and Robey streets; both legs amputated; internally injured.

John Wagner of 6127 South Millard avenue; internally injured, four ribs broken.

Edward Assali of 2717 Emerald avenue; skull fractured; internally injured.

Walker Graham of 9015 South Marsfield avenue; skull fractured and internally injured.

Mrs. John Sistek of 5615 West Sixty-fourth place; internally injured, both feet crushed.

**Unidentified woman, gold filled teeth, brown hair, blue eyes, blue serge suit.**

**WITH THE BRITISH ARMY**

IN FRANCE, Aug. 4.—(By the Associated Press)—The Germans may carry out further local retirements for the same reason that prompted that north and south of Albert. The enemy, before his retirement, blew up all the dugouts along the railway embankment north of Dernancourt, which seems to show he has no idea of attempting to come back. Albert itself soon may be cleared of the enemy.

**PARIS, Aug. 4.—(Battle Front, 4:20 p. m.)—(By Associated Press)—Both flanks of the German forces between Reims and Soissons appear to have been turned. The French have forced a crossing of the Vesle west of Reims.**

German reinforcements are reported arriving in the Soissons sector from the north.

The allies continue their advance, according to latest reports, although it is held within prudent limits.

The allied left wing has moved faster than the right and further progress in the Soissons region might expose it to a counter attack from the enemy.

**BIG PRISONER SURPRISE.**

The number of prisoners captured by the allies during the last two days will thrill the allied world when announced.

**WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN**

FRANCE, Aug. 4.—(By the Associated Press)—The Germans are retreating on the left bank of the Aire river between Bourges and Braches northwest of Montdidier, on a front of five miles in extent.

Allied patrols are keeping in contact with the enemy.

The Germans opposite parts of the British front apparently are changing their operations from offensive to defensive. They have made a purely local retirement to the Albert sector to the east bank of the Aire.

**LOCATED ON DRIER GROUND.**

White this is not especially important in itself, it indicates a change in the enemy's attitude; for on this small front he has placed himself in a position where he will be unable to carry out an offensive action for at least some little time.

The most of these Germans were killed and the rest were made prisoners.

Detachments of the Prussian Guards who endeavored to hold Fismes were wiped out.

**RESISTANCE IS FALTERING.**

Allied troops have crossed the Aisne at several points between Soissons and Venizel.

The German resistance is faltering on the left wing of the allied advance, while it is growing stubborn and desperate on the right wing, where the Germans still retain a foothold on the southern bank of the Vesle, between Champigny and Jonchery, northwest of Reims.

**GREAT POCKET EMPTIED.**

Chicago Tribune—New York Times Cable.

(Copyright: 1918.)

**WITH THE FRENCH AR-**

**MIES, Aug. 4.—The great pocket**

made in the allied lines between the Aisne and the Marne when the crown prince started his offensive to force the allies to plead for peace, is almost entirely emptied.

The enormous German masses

which were thrown into it are

now in full retreat toward their departure parallels, with the French, British, and American troops in the hottest pursuit.

Already the retiring enemy has

been chased across the Vesle and

part of the Aisne, destroying the

bridges as he went. This is to

prevent the victorious allies from

**BEGINNING TO GET THE REAL PERSPECTIVE**

[Copyright: 1918. By John T. McQuade.]



**TRIBUNE "CUB"  
FIRST OF STAFF  
KILLED IN WAR**

In the news editorial room of this Tribune, where war cables pour in by the ream, the thing came home last night when a two line dispatch told of the death in action of Lieut. Robert M. Lovett, a former Tribune reporter. Out of the many who have gone from the department it was the "cub" who took the first sting of death.

Lieut. Lovett was the only son of Dean Robert M. Lovett of the University of Chicago. He was a Harvard junior and received his commission the day he attained his majority. He was a graduate of the first officers' camp at Plattsburgh.

"Young Bob" went to France a New England regiment, going into action more than six months ago. In that six months he had left far behind him the cub days in the local room and entered upon a sage and serious business. Only a brief note told of his death in battle. It occurred on July 23 presumably in the fighting on the Marne.

**SAYS HE WARNED MOTORMAN.**

"He stopped twice," said R. J. Connelly. "Once to let the conductor off and again to let him on. When he started up the incline to cross the tracks the second time I asked him if he intended to cross. He didn't answer.

**(Continued on page 8, column 2.)**

**THE WEATHER.**

MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1918.

Sunrise 5:45 a. m.; sunset, 8:04 p. m. Moon

TUESDAY: Partly cloudy Monday

and Tuesday: Possibly local rain.

WEDNESDAY: Partly cloudy Monday

and Tuesday: Partly cloudy Monday

encircling and capturing his retreating divisions before they had time to organize new positions on the northern side of the rivers.

**Towns and Dumps Ablaze.** Whether they will be able to make more than a temporary stand on their present line cannot be foreseen, but indications in the shape of burning villages, ammunition dumps, and supply depots seem to foreshadow a still further retirement.

The leaden skies today were brightened by flames rising from every point of the horizon, and the drenching downpour was powerless to stay the conflagrations deliberately started.

#### Hack at Pivota.

Constant hacking by the French and British troops at both pivots of the German retiring line in the vicinity of Soissons and southwest of Reims, and incessant pressure on the center of the salient from Chateau Thierry upward by the French and American troops, caused the German position in the pivot to become impossible. It was evident two days since the Germans were preparing to go back and Gen. Mangin, De Goutte, and Berthelot gave them little rest.

The solidity of the enemy's pivot has been seriously affected by the constant blows. The fall of Grand Rosoy some days ago, in which the British played an important part, and the capture of the two heights beyond the village, giving the Allies views along the railway to Fismes, were the most effective factors in hurrying the German decision to retire.

#### Revere Their Attacks.

On Tuesday and Friday the allies razed their attacks southward of Soissons and weakened the pivot there still more. The British and French gained a foothold on the plateau between the Aisne and the Vesle on Friday and the height of Bellevue, crumpling up most of the westerly echelon of the German army and laying open the flank of the next most easterly echelon to the westward of the Aisne. Then there was no other course open to the enemy but to evacuate Soissons and quicken the retirement of his troops over the river.

Soissons itself, which changed hands four times during the war, was entered by the allies Friday with scarcely any opposition. The French now hold the entire place on the southern side of the Aisne, and the British troops have stationed all along the banks of the river from Pommiers on the west to where the Vesle joins it on the east, and then along the south bank of the Vesle to Fismes and probably also right to Reims.

#### Gains Nearly Seven Miles.

Yesterday the advance of the allied armies had pushed almost seven miles in depth. At other places along the fighting front of thirty miles, owing to the sinuous course of the river, it is not so deep. American troops, who seem thoroughly at home in any sort of fighting, have reached the borders on Fismes, with many others of dozens of villages reconquered, has suffered considerably.

The battle as now proceeding has provided a complete change from the kind of warfare to which troops have been accustomed for the past four years. One sees infantry marching along the roads instead of creeping through communication trenches and saps and wriggling through barbed wire in order to get at the enemy.

#### Froced by Cavalry.

Proceeding them as widely extended cavalry units, who dashed out into the fields and pass in and out of thickets to seek out any possible lurking enemy detachment or machine guns which may have been posted by the retreating Germans to cover their retirement.

The allied troops, as well as the enemy, had a bad time, owing to frequent rainstorms, which have covered the roads with mud and turned the fields into quagmires. The allied soldiers, however, are not complaining. They are advancing and that suffices to keep up their spirits, which were already high. Their indignation is greatly aroused by the deliberation with which the Germans set fire to the towns they passed through on their retreat. On all sides, too, are smoldering stocks of barley and wheat, which the Germans had cut but were unable to get away and which they determined should not be beneficial to their rightful owners.

#### ALLIED TROOPS MASSING.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE AISNE-MARNE FRONT, Aug. 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Americans, and far back toward the Marne, the Americans, French and British were being concentrated today for the battle of the Vesle. All the indications were that the great chase of the Germans which began on July 13 is nearing an end.

On the high ground beyond the Vesle the enemy has planted his artillery, and at different points has challenged the allies to pursue him across the river. Along the southern bank Gen. Foch's armies have slowed down to give an opportunity to those outdistanced in the chase to catch up.

#### Heavy Guns Open Up.

On the line, now shortened to it is about forty miles long, there was almost a continuous roar of small arms in the day, and the Germans have furnished abundant evidence of their intention to take full advantage of the most advantageous terrain. Their guns were active early in the day in front of Fismes and in other locations, and the character of the fire indicated the emplacement of a greater number of guns, including heavies, than they have been able to operate in many days.

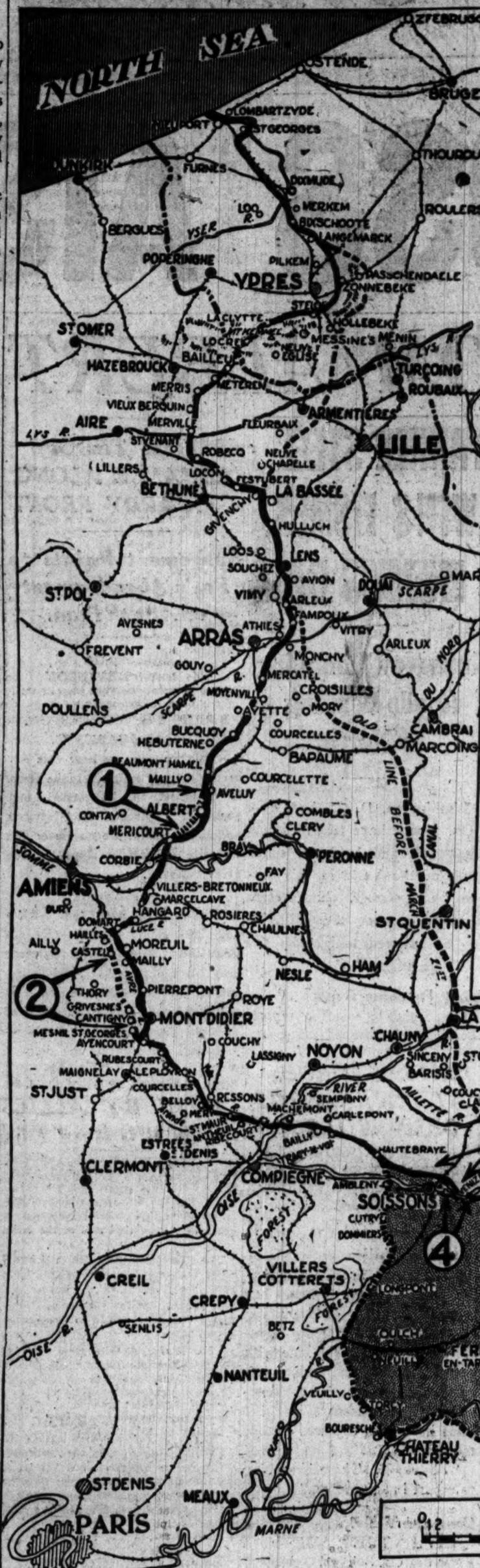
But, notwithstanding all their apparent preparation, it is yet rendered improbable that it is nothing more than a plan to offer a stiff resistance in order to gain more time for a withdrawal to the Aisne.

#### POWERS SHELLS ON REIMS.

Near Fismes there still remain small forces of German machine gunners, but from these the allies expect no serious resistance. The American and French guns now are in position and a great quantity of shells is being hurled onto the table land where the Germans are holding.

While the allies are moving and pressing forward, for what may be a great struggle is being made, the cost and strain of the big drive is being estimated. There is no doubt the Germans lost a large number of men, killed, wounded, and captured,

## ALLIES CONTINUE ADVANCE NORTH OF VESLE



## YANKEE TROOPS TAKE FISMES AFTER ASSAULT

### GUNS NOW HAMMERING AT ROADS LEADING TO NORTH.

(Continued from first page.)

The dotted line in the map shows the battle front previous to the beginning of the first German offensive of March 21, when they smashed the British front before St. Quentin and advanced through Picardy to their positions facing Amiens.

The present advance by the allies against the Germans from the Marne to the Vesle river is shown in the shaded portion. This advance is endangering the big German salient through Picardy and reports indicate the Germans may be preparing to withdraw from before Amiens on a larger scale. They have retired south of the Aisne river in the region of Albert, and back of the Aisne, between Montdidier and Moreuil, on the southwestern flank of the Amiens salient.

The important battle moves reported follow:

1.—Where Germans have retired east of the Aisne river in the Albert region as a result of pressure by Gen. Haig's forces.

2.—London reports the Germans have withdrawn between Montdidier and Moreuil, a distance of ten miles. The French hold the slopes down to the western side of the Aisne river.

3.—German reinforcements are reported arriving in the Boissons sector from the north.

4.—Paris reports allied troops have crossed the Aisne at several points between Soissons and Venetz.

5.—Paris reports Fismes is completely surrounded by American troops, the Germans retaining foothold in extreme northern part of town, where heavy fighting is taking place.

6.—The French have forced a crossing of the Vesle west of Reims.

7.—Paris reports Germans are making desperate resistance of the right wing and still retain a footing on southern bank of the Vesle, between Champigny and Jonchery, northwest of Reims.

8.—Paris reports Fismes is controlled by the allies.

9.—Paris reports the Germans have been driven from the Aisne-Marne front.

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AND WABASH  
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nbers  
at  
hren's Store**BOCHE MASTER  
OF SITUATION,  
BUT ON THE RUN****War Writer Admits, How-  
ever, Retreat Is Well  
Organized.**

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Telegraphing at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon, Reuter's correspondent at American headquarters on the Aisne-Marne front says:

"The salient is gone. The allied troops, French, British and American, are holding the south bank of the Vesle river. Fismes is in flames. The wagons of the retreating Germans can be seen tolling laboriously over the muddy upland roads leading from the river toward the Aisne. Our cavalry patrols have found nothing to report but rear guard retreat."

**Enemy Still Strong.**

"We have thus driven the enemy back as he was driven back four years ago. It is no mean achievement, but we must not underestimate the possibility it may succeed. That the enemy has been forced to retreat utterly against his will is quite obvious."

"Nevertheless, I am prepared to accept Gen. Ludendorff's statement that the retirement was decided on fifteen days ago after Gen. Petain's blow against the west side of the salient, and the Germans can pride themselves on having remained, to use Ludendorff's phrase, 'masters of the situation.' This is to say, they have been able to avert the doom they feared, which was the collapse of the sides of the salient and the consequent capture by the allies of all the troops within its loops."

**Loss Much Ammunition.**

The Germans have been able to withdraw in an orderly manner without losses less in men or guns, but at a considerable sacrifice of ammunition.

"To that extent they are masters of the situation—as the bankrupt may be described who just escaped being sent to prison."

"The enemy left men behind them with orders to die. And died they have. They lie in groups about their guns, dead here, dozens there—every one with an American bullet through his brain or breast, or with the equally positive stab of the American bayonet."

"These groups are close together in initial positions, and amount to a total from 200 to 300 men."

**Foe Counted Cost.**

"So far as we can see, the enemy incurred exactly the cost of his retirement and paid not a man or gun but his margin."

"As a soldierly achievement it moved us to admiration, and, cheered as one might be by the confession of weakness that the retirement implies, there is nothing in the retirement on which to build exaggerated hopes of the future."

"By far the most hopeful feature of the whole business is the difficulty of ascertaining it on any other hypothesis than that the Germans are much more numerous than they are reported."

"Their advance on the west of Reims was a big artillery bluff, which could only have been justified by the success of the attack on the east of it. That attack failed, and, although Von Boehn tried for a couple of days to cloak its failure, the moment Gen. Petain struck from the west the Germans had to retreat, with the force at their disposal, but to retire. And they evidently are profoundly thankful that they have made such a good job of it."

**Great Strategic Failure.**

"Ludendorff calls the operation a strategic success. No, it is not that. It is a great strategic failure, rendered by various tactical successes, which may not be too soon to say that failure even pretended. It has probably spells ruin to the German offensive, for this season at least, if not to Paris."

"True, they have an attack they may have in Flanders at almost any moment they please, if Crown Prince Rupprecht's reserves have not been drawn upon too largely in the German prince's interest. But October will be the earliest date for any major operations here, and October means some half million more of these United Americans in the line."

**unable to Hit Back.**

The extreme weakness of Ludendorff's strategic success was exhibited yesterday. A great general with a strategical success on his hands had to postpone yesterday for a big tactical hit, which surely would have tempted him but not some serious reason intervened.

The German retirement was rapid and the allied pursuit, in order to keep pace with it, forced to outrun the protection of its heavy guns.

"The roads, which had been ankle deep in dust, were churned by the passage of the troops into mud, which retarded the progress of everything on wheels. The day with its heavy clouds and sudden showers was difficult for aerial observation and our cavalry probes were far from numerous."

**Most Tempting Moment.**

"It was a most tempting moment for a counter stroke, which would have been certain to inflict heavy losses and yet a pretty political risk to that strategical retirement which has so deposed Berlin."

Ludendorff refrained. Why? Well, reasons suggest themselves. He had never had the needful force available, or a defensive attitude north of the Aisne having been denied him, the troops required to cover the retirement had been cut down to the lowest possible numbers and every available division was being diverted to Flanders for the long drawn-out British front, for which all things had been in readiness since the end of June."

A success there would have important consequences and would cover the failure here. And once back on the Chemin des Dames, Von Boehn's battered army would have time to re-attack."

**Navy Electrician Dies  
in Seaplane Accident**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—The navy announced tonight the death of Charles E. Kruger, electrician, U. S. N. R. F. in a seaplane accident on July 30. Kruger's home address was Newport News, Va.

**GEN. LUDENDORFF  
EXPLAINS RETREAT;  
STILL "CONFIDENT"**

**A**MSTERDAM, Aug. 4.—"The enemy evaded us on July 15, and we, therefore, as early as the evening of the 16th, broke off operations and started to withdraw to stop an undertaking which, as the stake is not worth the cost. I consider it one of my principal duties to spare the blood and strength of our soldiers."

Gen. Ludendorff, first quartermaster-general of the German army, made this statement to an assembly of German newspaper correspondents who were received by Field Marshal von Hindenburg and himself, according to dispatches received here.

Referring to Gen. Foch, Gen. Ludendorff continued:

"His plan was undoubtedly to cut off the entire arc of our front south of the Aisne by a break through on the flank. But with the proved leadership of our seventh and ninth armies that was quite impossible.

"Their advance on the west of Reims was a big artillery bluff, which could only have been justified by the success of the attack on the east of it. That attack failed, and, although Von Boehn tried for a couple of days to cloak its failure, the moment Gen. Petain struck from the west the Germans had to retreat, with the force at their disposal, but to retire. And they evidently are profoundly thankful that they have made such a good job of it."

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"True, they have an attack they may have in Flanders at almost any moment they please, if Crown Prince Rupprecht's reserves have not been drawn upon too largely in the German prince's interest. But October will be the earliest date for any major operations here, and October means some half million more of these United Americans in the line."

**unable to Hit Back.**

The extreme weakness of Ludendorff's strategic success was exhibited yesterday. A great general with a strategical success on his hands had to postpone yesterday for a big tactical hit, which surely would have tempted him but not some serious reason intervened.

The German retirement was rapid and the allied pursuit, in order to keep pace with it, forced to outrun the protection of its heavy guns.

"The roads, which had been ankle deep in dust, were churned by the passage of the troops into mud, which retarded the progress of everything on wheels. The day with its heavy clouds and sudden showers was difficult for aerial observation and our cavalry probes were far from numerous."

**Most Tempting Moment.**

"It was a most tempting moment for a counter stroke, which would have been certain to inflict heavy losses and yet a pretty political risk to that strategical retirement which has so deposed Berlin."

Ludendorff refrained. Why? Well, reasons suggest themselves. He had never had the needful force available, or a defensive attitude north of the Aisne having been denied him, the troops required to cover the retirement had been cut down to the lowest possible numbers and every available division was being diverted to Flanders for the long drawn-out British front, for which all things had been in readiness since the end of June."

A success there would have important consequences and would cover the failure here. And once back on the Chemin des Dames, Von Boehn's battered army would have time to re-attack."

**Navy Electrician Dies  
in Seaplane Accident**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—The navy announced tonight the death of Charles E. Kruger, electrician, U. S. N. R. F. in a seaplane accident on July 30. Kruger's home address was Newport News, Va.

**ITALIANS TAKE  
AUSTRIAN CAVES  
ON DOSSO ALTO**

**ROME, Aug. 4.**—The war office commented yesterday as follows:

"South of Nago on the Trentino salient, detachment yesterday wrested from the enemy by surprise attack hill 173, on Doso Alto, where on the 15th of June the enemy, after violent artillery preparation, succeeded in gaining a foothold and maintaining him self at the cost of heavy casualties. Our occupation was promptly consolidated under effective protection of the artillery."

"Large enemy parties, hidden in caves, attempted to break local resistance, but were overcome. The enemy sustained considerable losses and four officers and 172 men and a large quantity of arms and material were captured."

"On the night of Aug. 2-3 French detachments during brilliant surprise attacks overcame the enemy's resistance and penetrated very far into the enemy line at Zocchi, to the east of Asiago, and brought back one senior officer and 124 men of other ranks, and captured also much war material and munitions, including a gun and a machine gun."

"West of Asiago, British parties broke into Gaia, inflicting losses on the enemy and capturing some prisoners."

"In the Tasson region and in the Alano basin our reconnoitering patrols gathered in material and took some prisoners."

"In Albania the fighting activity yesterday was limited to bursts of fire on our part which drove enemy parties back to the north of Berat."

**TOUCHING PAR AT OLD ELM FOR THE RED CROSS**

Young Women Sell Flowers and Star Golfers Put on Exhibition to Aid War Relief Work.

**CHILDREN PLAY  
ON WAR FIELDS  
NORTH OF MARNE**

**Women and Old Men  
Following Armies  
Pursuing Hun,**

**BY FREDERICK A. SMITH.  
[SPECIAL Cable to CHICAGO TRIBUNE]  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY AT  
THE FRONT.—A fifty mile tour today  
behind the advancing French and  
American battle lines, among the  
villages retaken in the last forty-  
eight hours, presents a memorable  
picture.**

**American boys are hastening toward**

**the rapidly retreating front, traveling**

**in carts, mules, horses, and**

**trudging along**

**little caucalades of women, children,**

**and old men. These are trudging back**

**into the Marne-Alane triangle to the**

**hillside homes which now four times**

**have been scorched by the flames of**

**war and which for months were occu-**

**pied by the Germans.**

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## TURN 'EM LOOSE, SAYS FOCH WHEN HE SEES YANKS

French Chief Puts Americans Where They Can Scrap.

BY CHARLES H. GRASSTY.  
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.  
(Copyright: 1918.)

LONDON, Aug. 4.—In the councils of the war wise there is an aversion to premature celebration. The anniversary coming at a time of success of the allied arms in France tempts to over-optimism in thought and talk, but responsible circles feel that the most real present danger lies in assuming the end of the war is in sight. The wild animal that has been terrorizing Europe is still alive and loose, though lame. There could be no greater misfortune in the opinion of those running the war, than for overconfidence to take hold of the public mind and relax the heroic mood necessary for the last stages of effort.

There is widespread satisfaction here that America indulges in little bell-ringing, though she deeply and nobly feels the sense of well-doing.

**Loyalty's Share to U.S.**

Europe is only too willing to give America, the lion's share of the credit. Presently there must come a redistribution of laurels on the basis of the whole four years' performance, but looking back four months America bulked tremendously. It is too needless to speculate on what probably would have happened but for President Wilson's momentous decision during Secretary Baker's European visit early in April.

Then followed the miracle of transportation and the miracle of establishing unity under a generalissimo. Both were the direct result of the German need successful military leadership. Britain was thoroughly aroused by the terrible wound to her pride and the threat to her existence. And so she found tonnage to fetch our armies and accepted French military leadership.

**Fech Strong in England.**

Today in England Foch is as strong as in France. Lord French's praise expresses what is in everybody's heart. Foch is the greatest general the war has produced. But he is more. He is a statesman and a diplomat. He has not only had to run the war, but been obliged patiently to reconcile differences of all kinds and conflicting opinions and adverse conditions into harmony. Americans are deeply gratified at serving under him and credit him with much British success.

Foch was quick to grasp the salient points in Americanism. He put them to the Yankees where every ounce of their peculiar character and fitness would tell. He made them responsible for an outstanding position. They were guardians of Paris. They were astride the point of the pyramid at Chateau Thierry. They were among the advance guard in the second Marine battle. All which appealed to Americanism.

**Turned Them Loose.**

When Foch and his generals saw how scrappily they had turned them loose for such work, to get Helene started on his way back to the Alame. And so this has made this fine record, with Foch directing and Pershing always near to advise and decide.

Our peculiarly adaptable youth immediately caught the spirit of emulation. The soldier viewpoint which is 80 per cent of training came to them overnight. When the Reims offensive was launched and several American regiments were thrown into the line, they were material for replicating the losses. New men found themselves alongside veterans and vied with them in skill and valor. Conditions were somewhat similar to those first at Ypres, where Canadians were bloodied.

What is here stated is drawn from the observation of dozens of officers of different armies who have watched the development of the Americans at close range and who can speak expertly.

The American," says a British officer, "is a wildcat for fighting but a rat for cunning. His wariness is equal to his courage. Fighting and winning are a problem to him for solution of which he uses his brains as well as his hands. Hindenburg will be badly fooled, if he classes Americans with Africans. By the time Frits will spring a new course of tricks."

**FINE FOR YOUR STOMACH.**  
Take Herford's Acid Phosphate. There is nothing better for nausea, sick headache, insomnia or indigestion. Try a bottle—Act.

## AUGUST SALE

## Furs of Character 15% to 25% Below Mid-Season Prices

Staedter's  
1302 Stevens Building  
17 NORTH STATE STREET

## AMERICAN OVERSEAS CASUALTIES

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Army and marine corps casualties reported from overseas during the week ending today increased 1,430 compared with 1,056 the week before. Total casualties reported are 15,196, including today's army list of 233—the largest number yet recorded in a single day—and marine corps list of two.

While as yet no figures of casualties in the great allied offensive in which American troops are playing so conspicuously a part have been received, the increase in the daily army lists undoubtedly is due in part to this fighting.

The increase for the week was 1,394. The marine corps list increased only 100 for the seven days.

In the 18-day casualty list, deaths, including 291 men lost at sea, men killed in action, died of wounds, disease, accidents, and other causes numbered 6,144—army men, 5,410; marines, 724. Wounded aggregate 8,364—army men, 7,044; marine, 1,320. The missing including prisoners total 785 men. The total of army casualties is 15,196.

Of the week's increase, deaths from all causes totalled 651, as compared with 322 the week before; the wounded numbered 732, compared with 591 the previous week, and the missing and prisoners totalled 47, as compared with 66 the last stages of effort.

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**FINE FOR YOUR STOMACH.**  
Take Herford's Acid Phosphate. There is nothing better for nausea, sick headache, insomnia or indigestion. Try a bottle—Act.

**Knights of Columbus to Discuss War Work Mergers**

New York, Aug. 4.—[Special]—Delegates to the convention of the Knights of Columbus, which will meet on Tuesday to plan a campaign for \$50,000,000 to carry out its program in France, arrived here today. The proposal to consolidate the campaigns of the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, the Jewish war funds, and the Red Cross will be discussed.

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## A Savings Account.

Should be in possession of every one who earns money; it is a safe depositary for your savings where they continually accumulate through your systematic deposits, with compound interest. This strong ground floor bank invites your account, and presents all new customers with pocket dime banks.

## 3% on Savings

Wm. A. Tilden, Pres.

Nelson N. Lampert, Vice Pres.

John E. Shea, Vice Pres.

Trust, Bond, Real Estate Loan Depts.

Safety Deposit Vaults.

Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank  
Monroe and Clark Streets

5% on Savings

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French Chief Puts Americans Where They Can Scrap.

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Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.  
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## CAR WORKERS ELECTROCUTED.

Edward Kalback of Hammond, Ind., was electrocuted yesterday in the plant of the Gibson Car Works, where he was employed.

**A Savings Account.**

Should be in possession of every one who earns money; it is a safe depository for your savings where they continually accumulate through your systematic deposits, with compound interest.

This strong ground floor bank invites your account, and presents all new customers with pocket dime banks.

## 3% on Savings

Wm. A. Tilden, Pres.

Nelson N. Lampert, Vice Pres.

John E. Shea, Vice Pres.

Trust, Bond, Real Estate Loan Depts.

Safety Deposit Vaults.

Fort Dearborn Trust and Savings Bank  
Monroe and Clark Streets

5% on Savings

## Oxfords

Brown calfskin walking oxfords, with imitation wing tips. Adapted to late Summer and early Fall wear. Special.

\$6.95

## Pumps

Black patent leather pumps, bench made and hand stitched.

A pump designed to wear with spats; a timely value at—

\$6.95

## NUMEROUS OTHER REDUCTIONS OF EQUAL APPEAL.

## O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG

5% on Savings

## "PEACE NEARER," KING'S MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT

"LONDON, Aug. 4.—King George has received the following message from President Wilson:

"America cordially extends her hand to Great Britain upon this anniversary of Great Britain's entrance into the present war, in which the forces of civilization are engaged against the forces of reaction, and rejoices with her that the two stand side by side in so great a cause."

The king replied as follows:

"I am glad to thank you, Mr. President, for your message, which will be with cordial appreciation by my people and encourage them in the prosecution of the struggle against our common enemies."

"I am proud that my forces and those of the United States are fighting side by side, and you may rest assured of our unswerving determination to continue with all our strength until victory is right over wrong is achieved."

In telegraphic greetings to the other King George said:

"I feel confident that the dawn of a victorious peace is not far distant."

Our desire to serve leads us to offer these unusual values at

Satisfaction willingly guaranteed



YOU have never seen greater values in clothes than you'll see here in the suits for men and young men that we're selling at \$25. We put emphasis on the value more than on the price

Young men's styles in sport suits, Norfolk, soft roll sacks; men's business suits, plain and fancy weaves. Many of them made by Hart Schaffner & Marx

\$25

The new fall suits and overcoats for men and young men are here

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THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 2, 1902, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly repudiates any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1918.

**"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."**

—Stephen Decatur.

## LABOR ORGANIZATION AND PROGRESS.

The organization of labor in the steel industries will be undertaken by the American Federation of Labor, as announced by its veteran head, Mr. Gompers, will mark a long advance in the American labor movement.

In the opinion of THE TRIBUNE the extension of labor organization is not only inevitable but beneficial. It is an essential part of the progress of democracy and should be met with friendly encouragement and understanding by American employers. The right of employees to organize for the betterment of their condition, to select representatives, and to bargain collectively is recognized in our law. It is an essential of democratic freedom and an essential of our social and economic welfare and progress.

The fact that unionism, being founded on human effort, has its faults, does not prove unionism a failure. As a matter of fact, unions have the same weaknesses as other organizations of imperfect human beings. Union members, like members of a political party or of a corporation, are led astray by their own limitations of intelligence, their passions, their prejudices, their selfish interests. But so are their employers, and so are all of us. It is true labor leaders sometimes bully or break faith. So do some employers. Both should be judged by the same standard.

Unionism has some general faults which are clear enough to themselves, and they make some mistakes of policy which are not so clear to them. Unions which elect men without character, a graftor in one case, a demagogue in another, unions which let cliques run them and exploit them are showing the same faults that many communities do when they elect year after year politicians unfit to serve them, who are constantly deceived by men whose chief attribute is a loud voice, an oily tongue, a slippery conscience. We do not damn all democracy because this is true of it. We hope constantly and wisely for more wisdom, for progress in efficiency, and right conduct. Unionism and its critics may well do the same for it.

It is deplorable that for years the relations between employer and employee have been conditioned by a determined and often short sighted struggle to get as much on the one hand and to give as little on the other as possible. This perpetual struggle is bad for both sides, because it is bad for the common enterprise. We hope and we believe both capital and labor are beginning to learn the truth that at bottom their interest is common and that division of profit should be worked out on a basis of fair dealing, in the recognition of each other's point of view and of each other's legitimate needs. We believe capital is today disposed to recognize the claims of labor to a larger and surer share of the common product and a larger share in the control of conditions. This is notably true of England, where, taught especially by the interdependence and comradeship of war, great employers are openly declaring that labor ought to have a place in the directorate of great enterprises and a greater share of their profits. We believe this movement toward a democratization of industry is inevitable and beneficial for all concerned and will be realized in America.

Organized labor in Great Britain has been one of the factors of salvation in this war, and in our country it has been a bulwark of loyalty. For this it is winning recognition, and wise men will welcome the essentially conservative character of the expansion of labor organization throughout American industry. The mistakes of policy, such as restriction of output, breach of contract, jurisdictional strikes, etc., we believe will be corrected by the common sense and justice of the American worker and his enlightened leaders, since they are evils which strike at the welfare of the worker and of organized labor as vitally as at that of the employer. But the best way to hasten their disappearance is for the employers frankly to recognize the defects in their own policies and to place their dealing with employees on a plane of generous cooperation.

THE TRIBUNE would like to see the calling of a congress of leading employers and union leaders to formulate a platform of principles for their common benefit and guidance. We believe the moment is opportune for the evolution of a new understanding between American capital and labor and that such an understanding, intelligently established and logically supported by both sides, would be the greatest act in our history since the founding of our political liberties. In the difficult and perilous period after the war the fanatic and the demagogue will have opportunities for destruction unprecedented in the fortunate history of this country. An understanding between the responsible leaders of industry, in labor and capital, will be the best, if not indeed, the only safeguard against the Bolsheviks which is the enemy of the worker, and the employer, and of the whole nation.

## DAMN THE HYPHEN.

Judge Landis, in one of the stirring speeches characteristic of him, brought an audience of newly enlisted men at Camp Grant to their feet when he attacked foreign nationalism and said: "Damn the hyphen."

We echo that sentiment. The whole nation will echo it. The day of the hyphen in this country, we devoutly trust, is gone forever. With men of every racial strain fighting heroically under the Stars and Stripes or preparing loyalty and devotedly to do so, there are only Americans in this land. The politician who is still playing with an imaginary hyphenated vote is preparing his own finish. There are quite a few of these men who are willing to profiteer politically, trying to catch votes by appealing to race prejudices and ties of foreign nationality. We have a conspicuous case of in Illinois and Judge Landis probably was thinking of it when he said: "Damn the hyphen." There is no hyphen for true Americans. The men over there and over here are settling that. They are wiping out every vestige of the hyphen with heroic blood. Honor to them and to the America they are honoring. Honor to them and "damn

the hyphen" and the slick politicians who angle with the hyphen for disloyal votes.

Now that game is done for, and when the war is over we won't even know where it is buried. America is reborn in our day.

AUGUST, 1914.

Four years ago France and Great Britain and little Belgium had made the great decision. That August of 1914 was one of the chief pivotal points in history. No intelligence doubts that. We need not await the verdict of posterity upon it. A civilization uniting peoples widely differing in many qualities and achievement, but one in characteristics and ideals of greatest potency, rose to defend itself. Since then the people of France and Britain, Belgium, Serbia, and Italy have written a story of heroic steadfastness as glorious as any in the annals of the race.

Four years ago the American nation watched the issue puzzled, wondering, and astagh. Unfamiliar with the entanglements of old world politics, bewildered by the conflicting charges and counter charges of the belligerents, we watched with horror the bloody arbitrament and were anxious only to save ourselves from a destruction which seemed to us the work of madness.

We were slow to learn that the conflict had meaning, a meaning which concerned vitally our own soul, our own fate. When we realized it we did not hesitate to act. But it is well for us to consider the years of heavy sacrifice during which our allies of today fought for the cause which we knew how to be our own.

America is proud of her strength and she will give it without stint. It will turn the scale. But it is for us to remember that our allies were first in the field and to be modest over the part fortune permits us to play.

We cannot pay too high a tribute to France and Britain, to all our allies. We owe them a debt of gratitude, admiration, and fraternal devotion which honor demands shall be met with all we have to give. It is our privilege to stand at their side. Let us be humbly grateful for it. It is our privilege to lift a part of the burden they carried so long alone. It is our good fortune to be able to acquit ourselves well in our common trial and to help substantially toward its successful issue.

Our thought ought to be today of what our allies have gloriously done and of what we shall have the honor of doing in their high company. Our hope will constantly be that the noble comradeship of war will bind us in bonds of lasting friendship through centuries of cooperation. From these days, when our best blood is mingling, should come a community of memories, of thought, of ideals and purposes which shall make each people strong in the strength of us all, which shall make the city of our hope safe against any marauder and assure to our common heritage of civilization a future of peace and progress.

FOR THE BOYS AT THE FRONT.

Judge Lindsey's warm appreciation of the work of the Salvation army with the troops in France will not surprise those who have received first hand accounts of that work from the men themselves. Judge Lindsey, in fact, brings us a record of his own observations close to the front line, a zone which the Salvation army occupies as its special province.

Our men know how to value the other charitable and relief agencies in France, but the Salvation army, partly by its unostentatious methods and partly because it furnishes primary comforts when they are most needed, has won a warm place in their hearts. It is perhaps difficult to realize back here how much a warm fireside with doughnuts and coffee must be appreciated by men fresh from the fighting line. And then, as one boy told Judge Lindsey, the Salvation army people "don't put on airs; there ain't no fubblud about them." We get, in short, a picture of unobtrusive kindness, the very thing the men want.

The Salvation army is about to make an appeal for funds; they are not asking much—only enough to keep up the work in France. Surely if any organization is deserving of support it is the Salvation army.

## NOT INTERESTED.

One of the chief causes of our aircraft production's humiliating failures is the extremely narrow and ignorant jingoism which characterized some of the minds influencing our plans. An illusion of grandeur seems to have taken possession of the aircraft projectors from the beginning. Instead of keeping their minds fixed on the job of getting aircraft to the battle front as quickly and in as large numbers as possible, they set about showing the world that they could beat all creation. An Italian officer has just told the senate that his government offered our their fast combat plane and motor in October and that both could have been produced in quantity in our country. The war department refused to test them, saying it was "not interested." We remember that phrase. The ordnance bureau was "not interested" at another critical juncture of our preparations.

As a revolt of this spirit, which belongs to the backwoods America of Martin Chuzzlewit rather than our America of today, we have had one inexorable delay after another in important phases of our preparation.

We hope the senate military affairs committee will go on a hunting trip for these "not interested" individuals and kick them the length of Pennsylvania avenue. When our men's lives are at stake this kind of boneheaded bigotry costs altogether too much.

## Editorial of the Day

### CLOSING IN ON WILHELM.

(From Collier's Weekly.)

One of the deadliest victims of this war is the amateur spirit in government and administration. The American suspicion of "experts" had already received some hard knocks in the domain of city government, and nowhere more strikingly than at New York, where the late John Purroy Mitchel gave the Four Million their best administration yet—an administration by men who know their specialties. Today no one says that there are no incompetents (trained and untrained) at Washington and elsewhere. But the war time government of over a hundred million individuals and a high percentage of the earth's crust is an expert job—and the experts have been called in. The old theory that "successful" men—the captains of industry—must inevitably be corrupt, is neither proved nor disproved by our war, to win which big business has gone into partnership with the president and labor. The national emergency has served as an irresistible challenge to the man who does things. The joy of getting things done was probably always a greater reward to the American captain of industry than his bank account or stock holdings or his wife's social progress. The contest is, today, a contest between the armies of Ludendorff on the one side and those of Foch and Haig and Diaz and Pershing on the other; but it is also a duel between the big business and technical skill of Germany and America.

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the quip fall where they may.

### THE ROUND-UP.

From the Big Horn they've come, from the Platte, Rio Grande,

From the sage-mottled mesas, from gully and gien,

They're a score and three hundred, the lariat band;

And the wilds is ringing to-day o'er Cheyenne.

They leap to their saddles, or, trapping disdainfully,

Give rein to their broncos and burros and steers;

And one on a shaggy-maned bison is gaining

A round of the wildest and woolliest chases.

The crowd stands rainbow and peacock feathers;

Down the stretch, riding flat, sweeps a whirlwind of Sioux,

Thro' the dust in their wake faster follows the foa.

The post race is run and the barrels they're rounding:

Now Miss Oklahoma (her skill is astounding)

Cavorts round the field on a broncho unbroke.

With new honors gathered, they troop to the town!

They've proven their prowess, these every- inch men.

Tomorrow fresh laurels sombrero will crown.

The walking is singing tonight in Cheyenne.

G. W. A.

### GET UP, IF YOU DROWN FOR IT.

Sir: Three of us in canoes. Water not smooth and can feel deep. Party a full uniform (uniform). Band on shore plays "Star Spangled Banner." What should we do?

H. S. D.

### SHIPS.

Sir whom the High Gods have dowered With Beauty and Freedom and Powers Is one with the wind and the stars And the quickening moments of Time. Men with the dream-haunted hearts Forever are striving to fashion For their despair and desirs Into fragrant delicious rime.

Sir whom the High Gods have dowered With Symmetry, Patience, and Candor Is one with the daw and the dawn And the shadows of great lonely rocks. Dreamers, whose dreams must come true. With listening souls understand her. And pray that her winning eyes May shepherd their wandering flocks.

Sir whom the High Gods have dowered With Valor and Virtue and Vision Is one with the ure in all Life That aches to attain and arise.

Fervently now at her feet I beg for the holy permission To gather her heart to my heart. And be cleansed in the light of her eyes.

DODAL ROBERTSON.

### ALAS, HOW TRUE!

Sir: You quote some one who writes "Certain parades has been" and "These practice." On another page of the same issue you will find a more egregious error, because employed by educated people: "One of the best German war correspondents has much that is interesting to say, in one of the longest and most complete MESSAGES WHICH HAS yet appeared."

H. E. BREW.

### ON THE SEA OF TO-DAY.

On the Sea of To-day the sails are white In the light of the morning sun,

And over the bar, by the harbor light,

On the breeze of Hope—will it hold till night?

The ships sail, one by one.

### BAD WATER.

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### OVER THE BAR.

Over the bar, and before the wind,

To the toll of another day,

While the sheets are trimmed and the land behind Is fading space, and the timid find A threat in the eager spray.

The Chart is the same, but the sea room wide.

And one may not temper or Time or Tide

Once the bar has been left astern.

### THE BRIDGE.

Sir: You blow to a bitter gale.

No harbor in sight, but the sky line, there

Where it meets the sea, has a threatening glare.

And never a friendly sail.

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A STOCK!

## FIGHTING DAMON AND PYTHIAS PUT OTHERS IN SHADE

Chicago Pals Win Laurels  
Over There and Are  
Gassed Together.

Damon and Pythias, the prize pals of history, probably were good enough in their act in their day to deserve all the credit their press agents have handed them. But they never heard of the United States marine corps or the big war or the two Edgewood kids from Chicago who are candidates for all the laurels that Pythias and his pals ever wore and a few extra floral emblems besides. As a matter of fact only a small percentage of Chicago's population ever knew Samuel Babcock, stelegrapher; 444 Oakdale avenue, and Albert Karstrand, 1434 Carmen avenue, who are now in a base hospital in France on parallel cots slowly recovering from a Hun gas attack.

## The Trouble Starts.

But to start at the beginning. When war was declared both chums decided the thing for them to do was to go over and get there as soon as possible. The "First to Fight" poster of the marines settled the branch of the service they wanted and then came the first trouble. Karstrand, 6 feet and 10 inches long, weighed 200 pounds, while Babcock, 5 feet 10 inches, with a previous history of a photographic, wasn't exactly welcomed.

An exacting navy physician brought bad news when he told Sam that his gills weren't fit and that a fractured neck, the result of a youthful high diving exploit, made him ineligible of acceptance. Damon and Pythias might have quit at that point, but not the Babcock-Karstrand partnership. They found a doctor who operated on Babcock's neck, another who helped his vision, and again they sought the recruiting office of the marines.

The pair went to Port Royal together for training. They landed in one company, the Ninety-sixth in the Sixth regiment. They drilled together, ate together, and slept together until the time came for transfer to the maneuver camp for the finishing touches for overseas service.

The First Accident.

Not as the company was ordered to a seven mile hike for the maneuver grounds Babcock cut his foot on an ant shell. No marching for him, so comrades told him.

"I'll lose out if I don't go," he told Karstrand. "I'll have to leave the company and leave you."

"You start—well both get there," he said.

Babcock started on the hike carrying his foot and five days later he made it in ten days, miles behind his comrades and painful foot beside him.

"Two miles is nothing. I'll carry you and your pack the balance of the way," his friend insisted, and he did.

The two made good at the maneuver grounds and were shipped across with their company, and when the marches on the 9th of June hit the Huns at Chateau Thierry, the pair went together and came out together.

The Big Gas Attack.

And then came the big gas attack by the enemy on June 13. They stuck to their posts together and together kept the killing fumes until both lost consciousness. They found themselves weaker when consciousness returned in the field dressing station.

In a letter just received by Sam's mother George, the gassed hero, with much restraint, writes of his pal:

"Right in the cot next to mine is Al. I'll tell you, George, they can't make us fight, for we have even taken an ambulance ride together, and always end up in cots next to each other."

before boycotting Germany wins, the allies left: if she loses, there will be no boycott.

American Defense Americans to pledge to purchase anything they seem rather to be against this being settled.

The liquor interests have just as much right to name and elect their own representatives as their opponents. A man elected to represent his own self, no matter what his opinions may be. And he is not a representative of himself and should be

reduced to a representative of one being bribed.

Interest of his constituents, with the issue being makers and sellers, and do you suppose will do?

not try to settle every question "on ending the war." Why not? soberly and economy as of winning the war? It is merely sparing for the German peace that terrible suffering these folks feel when they thought that they could all drink themselves home marching home?"

so much about John do their own work.



### CASUALTY LIST BRINGS NAMES OF NINE CHICAGOANS

Three Reported Killed  
and Six Wounded  
in Action.

Yesterday's casualty list bore the names of nine Chicagoans, three killed in action, five severely wounded, and one wounded but degree undetermined.

Private Marian Stankowics, killed in action, had lived in America but three years. He was an emigrant with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Stankowics, 4516 South Paulina street, from Kowaleski, in Russian Poland. He was 20 years old last March, and two months before had enlisted in Company E of the Sixtieth Infantry. Another Private, Walter, 18, is in the American Legion, and others, Loyous and John, are in the old will.

Private Louis Levinson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Levinson, and not yet 19 years old, has been killed in action. He left his position as a baker in February, 1917, and enlisted in Company B of the Eighteenth Infantry. He crossed with the first contingent on the boat with Gen. Pershing.

The third killed in action is Private William C. Knoll, son of Mrs. Caroline Knoll, 851 North Fairfield Avenue.

Seriously Wounded.

Captain Melvin W. Bridges, severely wounded, was with Company M, One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry. He formerly lived with his wife at 325 Englewood Avenue. He was commissioned a captain at the first officers' training camp at Fort Sheridan and has been in France since May 31. He had been in the Illinois state militia for fourteen years and was formerly connected with the elevated lines here.

Mrs. Bridges is at present employed in the quartermaster's corps on the south side.

Sergeant Max M. Bernhardt, severely wounded, formerly lived with his wife at 1437 Jackson Boulevard. When her husband enlisted last December Mrs. Knoll, 851 North Fairfield Avenue, was

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## LABOR BOARD GRANTS 8 HOUR DAY TO 28,000

Bethlehem Workers Get  
Right to Organize;  
Stop Bonuses.

[By A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]  
Washington, D. C., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—The national war labor board, in the most important and far-reaching decision of its career announced today its finding in the case of the Bethlehem Steel company of Bethlehem, Pa., affecting approximately 28,000 workers. Summarized, the decision of the board is as follows:

Grants workers the right to organize and to resort to collective bargaining in dealing with employers.

Orders the revision or complete elimination of the bonus system now in operation at Bethlehem to reward the more skillful workmen.

Decreases the revision of piece work rates and establishment of a minimum hourly wage rate for 5,000 machine shop workers in conformity with one of the scales now being applied by the war and navy departments.

Applies the basic eight hour day with payment of time and a half for overtime and double time on Sundays and holidays, with additional provision for just overtime payment to piece workers.

Allows the Bethlehem company to pay men and women alike when performing the same work and to allot to women no work disproportionate to their strength.

Creates Local Mediation Board.

In addition to the foregoing findings, which labor leaders believe will be used as a basis for decisions in other disputes coming before the board, the decision directs that piece work rates shall be revised by the plant management co-operating with committees of the workers and representatives of the ordnance department, inasmuch as the government is chiefly concerned just now with the welfare of the plant and, further, that a permanent local board of mediation and conciliation, consisting of six members, three chosen by the company and three by the workers, be established to effect agreements on future disputed points and on disputed matters not covered in the award just made. This board is to be presided over by a chairman to be designated by and to represent the secretary of war.

In addition an examiner of the war labor board is to be assigned to interpret and enforce the award.

**Raise Electricians' Pay.**

The decision also grants specific wage increases to 440 electrical workers, who made an issue of their wage rates. The electricians demanded increases to 87½ cents an hour for electricians and at least 40 cents an hour for helpers. The board awarded the demand 87½ cents for first class electricians, 52½ cents for second class electricians, and 40 cents for helpers.

Wages for other workers are left to be fixed through the system of bargaining and co-operation between the company and the men which the award specifies shall be permitted.

The case came before the war labor board on May 7 following a series of strikes by machinists and electrical workers, and after various government agencies bent on mediation had exhausted their efforts to effect a settlement.

The workers demanded the application of the basic eight hour day with time and a half for overtime with double pay for Sundays and holidays; the right to bargain collectively through committees; prohibition of discrimination.

## PUNISHED

Six Chicago Firms Feel Weight of Food Administration's Hand.

**W**ASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Five Chicago grocery firms and one bakers' supply house have been permitted by the food administration to make substantial Red Cross contributions in lieu of revocation of their licenses for violation of the rules and regulations.

The firms, offenses, and contributions are as follows:

John F. Lally & Co., wholesale grocers. Incorrect reports and failure to keep records as required; also excessive profits in canned goods, dried fruits, rice, and other licensed commodities. Efficiency expert to be employed; \$1,500 contribution.

See & Co., wholesale grocers. Records improperly kept so reports could not be verified. Excessive profits; \$1,500 contribution.

Junker & Co., wholesale grocers.

Sales of rice flour and edible cornstarch at excessive profits; \$1,000 contribution.

Podolsky Bros., wholesale grocers. Inaccurate reports and excessive profits on canned tomatoes, canned corn and canned peas; \$1,000 contribution.

Hilker & Betscher, bakery supply house. Excessive profits on edible cornstarch and rice flour; \$2,000 contribution.

"The contributions," says the food administration, "were accepted in place of more drastic action for the reason that in each case the company showed that its violations had not been willful."

tion of any kind because of trade union activities; readjustment of the hourly and piece work rates on the basis of the rates paid in the shipyards of the Bethlehem Steel company, and elimination of the bonus system of payment, practically all of which is granted in the sweeping decision.

It was contended by the machinists' representatives that the bonus system, with the alleged practice of continually changing rates under it, operated to hamper production because the men do not understand the method by which their pay is computed.

## HARVESTER CO. DROPS APPEAL; WILL DISSOLVE

Accepts Decree to Dis-  
pose of Certain of  
Its Plants.

(Continued from first page.)

union provides for an issue of a capital stock equal to the sum of the stocks preferred and common of the two present companies—namely: \$60,000,000 preferred and \$80,000,000 common—the same as the capitalization of the International Harvester company before the division in 1913.

The preferred stocks will be exchanged for share, the new company will be exchanged for one-third shares of the new company's stock for each share of the International Harvester Company of New Jersey, and two-thirds of a share of the new company for each share of the International Harvester corporation.

**Statement by the President.**  
Cyrus H. McCormick, president of the International Harvester company, issued a statement last night in which he said:

"The International Harvester company, under the pressure of war conditions, has agreed to dismiss its appeal in the government suit, now pending in the Supreme court.

"The decree appealed from was entered by a divided court, and was based not upon any wrongful practices or injurious acts, but upon the company's alleged, but unexercised power to dominate the agricultural implement trade. The company's appeal was promptly taken and has been diligently prosecuted.

### Changed Conditions.

"The evidence upon which the decree was entered and the appeal must be tried was closed five years ago. That record presents a situation in the agricultural implement trade which has already greatly changed, and which would still further change before there could be any hope of a decision on the appeal." And the decision, when rendered, would be based on the facts of 1912, and not on the facts existing at the time of the decision. For that reason the decision, if adverse, would most certainly do great injustice to the company.

**Why Decree Is Accepted.**  
"It is perhaps needless to say that the officers and directors of the company have decided with extreme reluctance and regret to accept the terms of the adverse decree of the district court, the legality of which is at least doubtful, in view of the fact that the government failed to secure its affirmance by the Supreme court after two presentations of its case against the company.

"It is some compensation to know that the ruined company, freed from the uncertainties of the litigation, will be able to render the government much more efficient war service than would otherwise be possible."

central empire. No dividend whatever has been paid on the forty million dollars of common stock of the corporation during the four years of the war. Its new lines, such as tractors and auto trucks, have great promise, but by reason of its immense war losses, the corporation has not available the capital required adequately to develop the new lines or to prepare for business in the foreign field when the war ends. The uncertainties arising out of the government litigation, while pending, would necessarily prevent the old company from making any permanent plans for the development of its business, and in the event of an adverse decision it would be deprived of a large part of its present business, without having established other fields for its activities.

"In view of this situation it was decided to accept as final the decree of the lower court upon an agreement of the government as to the further decree to be entered in that court.

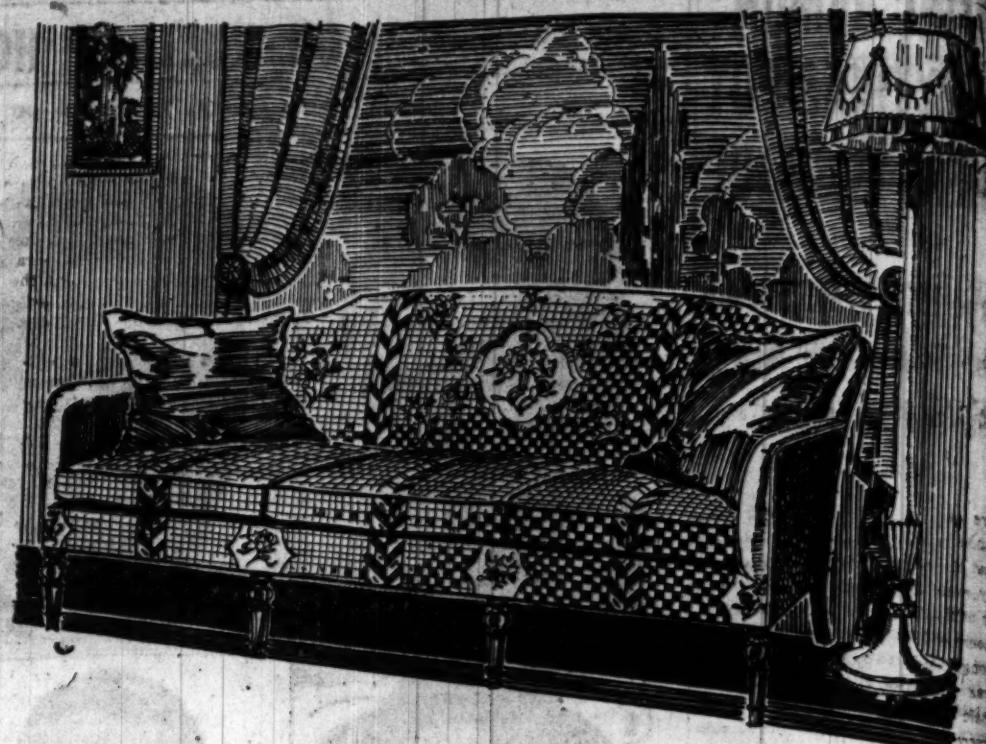
### On Firm Basis.

"The result will be the loss by the company of a considerable part of its long established trade in harvesting machines, but the two companies—by whose sale of their assets in one corporation, as is now proposed, will be able to make permanent plans for adequate development of the trade in foreign fields and in new lines as to which there can be no complaint of insufficient competition. It is believed that in time the foreign business and the new lines (which have been and will continue to be developed) will make good the losses resulting from the partial disintegration of the company's business in the harvester lines.

"But the controlling factor is the ending of the government litigation, which will enable the company to establish itself and its business on a firm basis for the future, even at the cost of a present loss.

**For Business Reasons.**  
"It is perhaps needless to say that the officers and directors of the company were equated in January, 1913, with the old company and a new company, the International Harvester corporation, the latter taking over the foreign plants and business and the new lines, such as tractors, gas engines, wagons, cream separators, etc. The greater part of the assets of the new corporation was invested in the foreign business, very largely in Russia.

**Effect of the War.**  
"The war has played havoc with the assets and business in Russia and the



## The Sheraton Davenport A Colby August Value

Colbys introduce a new Davenport. Offered as a special value to people who know and appreciate sincere furniture.

The upholstery is high-grade curled hair, double stuffed and hand laid over oil tempered steel springs.

There is no piecework, no cotton, floss, or other nearly good substitute for real upholstery about this model.

More than that, the seat cushions are made of small compartments, each filled with fine white down.

This sofa is low enough to use out in a room with the new davenport tables, and comfortable enough to more that satisfy every desire. A six foot man will find it long enough to recline on, and deep enough in which to rest.

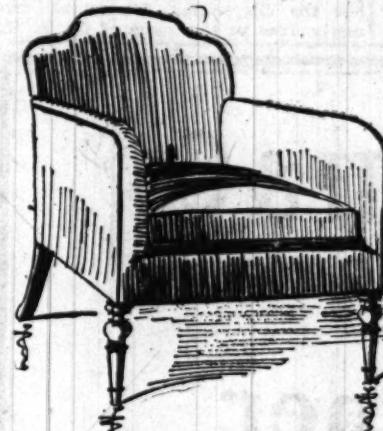
The Sheraton sofa is new in design, and eminently suitable for the furnishing of the modern home.

The Sheraton is a typical Colby value, priced at about the cost of an evening gown, and it will lend distinction and luxury to your living room for at least a generation.

From experience we know that few cane davenports are comfortable and most overstuffed davenports offered in sales are gross in outline.

This model represents refinement, real workmanship, and good value.

Price, covered in Sateen ..... \$122.50  
Price, without extra Pillows ..... \$115.00



## Sheraton Arm Chair, \$55.00

A chair of superlative quality.

The Sheraton is a chair that is low and comfortable—not too big. A splendid reading chair, and deep enough for every comfort. A splendid model to use by the reading table. Handsome from every viewpoint.

Price for August Sale, covered in sateen ..... \$55.00

Colbys invite you to come today and see for yourself why careful buyers and good judges recommend Colby furniture. Inexperienced home furnishers can hardly make mistakes in this store. We show only period furniture of true worth and tried period designs.

You will be surprised how well our AUGUST SALE PRICES compare with what you are asked for furniture of doubtful design and unknown quality.

"Visitors Invited" is painted on our windows—it means every courtesy and no obligations.

The Most Unusual Furniture Store in All America

## JOHN COLBY & SONS

129 North Wabash Avenue  
On Wabash Near Randolph

## HOTTEST "O YEAR" PRIM CONTEST

G. O. P. Senators  
tures Campaign  
ing Bitterness i

They're at the post for  
1918 Illinois primary race  
and most important can  
probably ever staged in  
of year campaign.

The complete list of no  
state, congressional, and  
fices was announced yester  
Springfield by Secretary of  
L. Emerson. There m  
withdrawals, particularly  
primary list, permitted by  
law until Wednesday.

Five for G. O. P. Sen  
The Republican face  
States senator naturally  
lined event of the pro  
primaries of Sept. 11. T  
starters—Alfred E. Case  
tive, Congressman George  
of the Tenth district,  
Lew McNeill McCormic  
O'Donnell, Chicago attorney  
William Hale Thompson,  
other Senator Lewis  
ponents—James O. Morris  
secretary to Secretary of  
Woods, running as an  
and James Traynor, wh  
testant in 1914 against R

### Six Congressmen

Six Republicans appear  
nominations for congress  
Frank Hall Childs of Galesburg  
has been a candidate in  
ries; William E. Mason  
in company with M. J. Morris  
Lin William Price  
Henry R. Rathbone, former  
of the Hamilton club; W. C. Webster, who hasn't made  
primary candidate in Illinois  
and former Gov. Richard J. Oglesby  
Democratic contest is con  
candidate, James C. Clegg, Champaign  
former dry leader of the  
Benjamin J. Rosen  
former Congressman E. Williams of Pittsfield.

The Republican members  
who are without primary  
as Mann of the Hyde Park  
Copley of the Aurora district  
the Freeport district, the  
Rock Island district, the  
Peoria district, Sterling of the  
Danville district, Uncle Joe  
the Jacksonville district, a  
the Vandalia district, and  
the Cairo district.

Four Democrats Unopposed

The Democratic congr  
unopposed for remo  
Sabath of the northeast  
McKeehan of the west side  
the Jacksonville district, a  
the Vandalia district.

On the Republican side  
Madden, in the South  
is opposed by James A. S.  
in the Englewood district  
Wilson faces a fight  
F. Atwood, who has been  
before. On the northwest  
groomsmen Juul has two  
William A. Malone, now  
state board of equalization  
Brundage organization  
M. A. Michaelson, t  
group's candidate. Jim  
upset the election  
of the Democrat  
Congressman Britton has  
on his hands forced  
Dobyns, with two other  
the running, August Bal  
D. Skinner.

On the Democratic side  
John W. Rainey is  
former Congressman James  
matt and John Tamorski  
Thomas Gallagher has  
a fight forced by the  
back of former As  
W. Kornacki. Frank K  
also a candidate.

The candidacy of Cong  
for senator has produced  
Republicans in the Twent  
district. They  
Chindblom, William Gr  
Frederick C. De Long,  
Johnson, Merrick Ames  
Charles M. Modersell.

The Democratic side  
John W. Rainey is  
former Congressman James  
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Charles M. Modersell.

We offer for a  
\$6 G. E. 6-lb. E

75¢ PAY

balance in three  
each, added to  
lighting

\$6 ELECTRICAL

We offer for a  
\$6 G. E. 6-lb. E

## First Trust and Savings Bank

Capital and Surplus  
\$10,500,000.00  
James B. Forgan  
Chairman of the Board  
Emile K. Boistot  
President  
Interest allowed from  
August 1st on Savings  
deposited on or before  
August 6th



## LYON & HEALY

Wabash Ave. at Jackson Blvd.

We close at 1 o'clock Saturday during June, July and August

SPECIAL DOUBLE OFFER DURING AUGUST—During this month only we will allow 20%  
more than our regular schedule amount for old instruments offered in exchange. Also in  
purchases of new Pianola-Pianos we will exchange new 88-note music roll for roll of old  
65-note music, subject only to certain reasonable limitations of condition of rolls and amount.  
This offer expires August 31st.

FEDERAL  
GIVEN WITH  
PHONE  
COMMONWEALTH  
ELECTRIC  
3006 WEST LAKE  
6222 BROADWAY

## HOTTEST "OFF YEAR" PRIMARY CONTEST IS ON

**G.O.P. Senatorship Features Campaign Promising Bitterness in Spots.**

**UNIONISTS GIVE MC CORMICK O.K. ON LABOR STAND**

**Legislative Record Favorable to Workers, Committee Reports.**

Medill McCormick's record as a legislator in Illinois was declared eminently satisfactory to union labor at yesterday's meeting of the Chicago Federation of Labor. The first report of the legislative committee of the federation was presented, including a partial resume of the career in the legislature of all candidates for reelection, and also partial reports upon the candidates for United States senator.

Of the senatorial candidates the report says:

"Of those running for the United States senate, the only one who has a record in the state legislature is Medill McCormick. His record in the forty-eighth and forty-ninth general assemblies is as follows:

"Forty-eighth—Record favorable to labor.

Fathered Woman's Bill.

"Forty-ninth—Voted favorably on injunction limitations bill; on women's nine hour bill, having introduced the same in the house; on the cooperative bill.

"The records in congress of Senator Lewis and Representatives Foss and McCormick have been requested of the legislative committee of the American Federation of Labor, and your committee expects to report on them at the next meeting of the federation completely."

"There is no legislative record of Mayor Thompson, but your committee will submit a report on his attitude toward labor, both as alderman and as mayor."

Partial Legislative Report.

The report submitted on members of the state senate and house of representatives was only partial. It made as a test of the members' attitude toward labor, their votes on the injunction limitation bill and the women's eight hour bill in the last legislature, and other proposed labor legislation in the Forty-ninth assembly. Among those whose records were scanned was that of State Senator—and Corporation Court Justice—Samuel Etelson, whose record was apparently mixed, inasmuch as, while he favored the women's eight hour bill, he voted in the Forty-ninth assembly against the "one day's rest in seven" bill.

Further reports will be made at the next meeting of the federation.

**Boy of 14 Takes Great Pickel, 44 Inches Long**

Richard Alfred Bleiermann Jr., 14 years old, of 5184 Glenwood avenue, was the captain yesterday at Lake Delafield of a team of six supposed to be the heaviest ever nabbed in that territory—a twenty-six pound pickel, forty-four inches long.

**Be a National City Saver**

**August 1st to August 12th**

Deposits made in our Savings Department on or before Aug. 12th will draw interest at 3% from Aug. 1st.

Open Mondays 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

**The National City Bank OF CHICAGO DAVID R. FORGAN President**

Southeast Corner Dearborn and Monroe Sts. (Ground Floor)

National Bank Protection For Your Savings

**\$6 ELECTRIC FLATIRONS \$3.75 WHILE OUR STOCK LASTS**

We offer for a limited time only, these high-grade 6 C.E. 6-lb. Electric Irons to lighting customers for **75¢ PAYABLE ON DELIVERY**

balance in three each, added to lighting.

payments of \$1.00 your electric bills.

A very fine quality of All Silk Hose—full length and elastic gop—comes in white, silver mist, gray, gold, faun, beige, hemp, beaver, taupe, cor-dovan, tan, Russian tan. Per pair, \$2.00.

BOOT SILK HOSIERY—black, white and colors—very comfortable for summer wear. Per pair, 75¢.

**SPORTS CORSETS FOR OUTDOOR OCCASIONS**

Combining comfort, service and smartness demanded by genuine sport.

No. 1—Elastic and broche girdle without laces. For the smart athletic girl, encouraging graceful ease, at the same time supporting without binding the figure. Pink only.

Price \$4.00

COUPONS ALL PURCHASES

PHONE RANDOLPH 1280—LOCAL 216

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

ELECTRIC SHOP, 72 WEST ADAMS ST.

505 WEST LAKE STREET 5127 LOGAN BOULEVARD 5161 SOUTH CHICAGO AVE.

422 BROADWAY

McKINNIS Advertising Company, Chicago

## GERMANY MUST PAY PENALTY, SAYS FRENCHMAN

Camp Grant, Ill., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Capt. Robert Payne, senior officer of the French training mission who for months has labored shoulder to shoulder with officers of the Blackhawk division in order to give selective soldiers the advantages of front line experience in their preparation to meet the test overseas, told the fighting men in Camp Grant today that Germany must pay the penalty for her misdeeds.

As principal speaker in the celebration of the war's fourth anniversary, held in the open stadium, the veteran French officer spoke four times through the heartbreaking first years of the war and saw first Belgium and then his own beloved France mutilated by the iron heel of German militarism, struck a deep, responsive chord in the hearts of several thousand soldiers and civilians gathered to offer prayers for allied victory and to review the mighty struggle.

Lieut. Col. Harry A. Hanigan, origi-

nally second in command over north side Chicago soldiers in the Three Hundred and Forty-fourth Infantry and acting commander of the regiment since Col. H. T. Simmons joined the general staff, received his easies today and took full command of the regiment. Col. Hanigan is considered one of the best line officers in camp, and has the respect and admiration of every officer and man who will serve him in the Three Hundred and Forty-fourth. Other promotions announced today include:

THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY-THREE INFANTRY.

To be captains—Lieuts. D. R. Simpson, T. C. Steritz, and Allison Hollis.

To be first lieutenants—Lieuts. Olaf A. Larson, Harlan Hildebrand, F. F. Marlow, W. A. Kale, and E. B. Howes.

THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

To be captain—M. E. Carter.

THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

To be first Lieutenant—Lieut. Courtney Dodge Freeman.

Appointed noncommissioned officers of the Chicago brigade will be given their first field test tomorrow, when the brigade takes to the range.

## U. S. ARTILLERY SCHOOL SEEKS MORE STUDENTS

An urgent call for an unlimited number of candidates for commissions in the field artillery service was voiced at a meeting yesterday of committees which have been formed in various cities in the middle west to secure candidates for the Field Artillery Central Officers Training school at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky. The meeting was held in the offices of the Military Training Camps association in the Consumers building.

These committees of civilians have been organized in every city in the country of 100,000 inhabitants to secure appointments for the field artillery camp and examine applicants as to their fitness for commissioning.

In an interview after the meeting Maj. B. H. Dibblee, F. A. N. A., explained the campaign and the need and qualifications of candidates. "Since the beginning of the war," said the major, "there has not been as serious

an effort to recruit as there is now."

Applications must be made at room

520 Consumers building."

a need of field artillery officers as there is today. In August, 1917, at the close of the first officers' training camp, about 3,000 artillery officers were commissioned. In the second artillery officers' training camp, 1,200 field artillery officers were commissioned. The first class at the Central Field Artillery Officers' Training school at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky. The meeting was held in the offices of the Military Training Camps association in the Consumers building.

As to civilian candidates, the requirements of the schools are twofold. Young men of exceptional qualifications are wanted principally for commissions as second lieutenants, with promotion as rapidly as it is justified, to the rank of first lieutenants, and in cases of marked ability to that of captain.

Young men over the draft age who by reason of their greater experience can reasonably expect rapid promotions, if they possess the ability, to the higher grades, including that of major.

Applications must be made at room

520 Consumers building."

## CADET FLYERS' PAY IS REDUCED TO \$30 A MONTH

Rantoul, Ill., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—An urgent call has been made in the pay of student flyers, word to this effect being received at the Chanute flying field today. The new order puts the cadets on the same status as a buck private, as they are to receive \$30 per month instead of \$75.

As to civilian candidates, the requirements of the schools are twofold. Young men of exceptional qualifications are wanted principally for commissions as second lieutenants, with promotion as rapidly as it is justified, to the rank of first lieutenants, and in cases of marked ability to that of captain.

Capt. John Jennings has arrived today from Hazelhurst field and will become the flight officer and in this capacity will be a trainer for the cadet body.

**HUSBAND DEAD, SEEK WIFE.**  
The police have been requested to search for Mrs. Bridget Powers, who lives in Chicago. A message from Norfolk, Va., states that her husband is dead and was received by the police.

## GLOBE SPRINKLERS THE AUTOMATIC FIREMEN

**One Globe User writes:**

"Had it not been for the splendid service of your sprinklers we firmly believe our entire block of buildings and stock would have been destroyed."

Plants without sprinklers never write such letters. Don't let it go too long."

**GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.**

118 Building Randolph 5132  
The International Motor Company's Building Randolph 5132 is equipped with Globe equipment.

## GLOVES

KAYSER TWO-CLASP SILK GLOVES—Prices: 85c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
LADIES' ONE-CLASP FRENCH LAMB GLOVES—white with self and black stitching. Per pair, \$2.00.

## CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

### New Showing of Autumn Silks

from which we will

### Re-line Your Winter Coat AT A LABOR COST OF \$4.75

During the entire month of August this new Service is open to you—we will re-line your Fall or Winter Coat (fur coats not included) at the remarkably low labor charge of \$4.75, from Silks purchased in "The Silk Shop."

We can offer you this great saving advantage at a time when it represents most to women of economical desires, because this NEWLY INAUGURATED RE-LINING SERVICE is the means of keeping our alteration department in operation during the quiet season—the service includes the pressing of your garments—there will be an extra charge for dry-cleaning.

### SELECT YOUR LINING SILKS FROM THIS COMPLETE STOCK OF BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS AND SHADES

Here are introduced new printed designs in Pussy Willow and Radium Silks and soft lining Satins, plain or colored.

Every quality has been selected with a view to producing the most attractive, the most staple, the most durable and reliable Silks which the market affords.

DO NOT FAIL TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THIS GREAT OPPORTUNITY

"Stevens for Silks"

### AN EVENTFUL AUGUST SELLING OF Newly Received Lingerie Blouse Originations at \$5.00



Just lifted from their boxes—fresh, sheer, dainty Blouses—quantities of them, made up specially for this Midsummer selling—event—fashioned of carefully chosen, quality materials which include

### FRENCH VOILES—BATISTES—ORGANDIES

THERE ARE FIFTY STYLES TO SELECT FROM featuring the latest trimming adaptations in French tuckings, hand embroidery and lace edgings which add their exquisite interpretations in delightfully novel and femininely becoming manner.

Most exceptional in quality, value and style superiority are these attractive Blouses—featured in this Special Selling at \$5.00.

NOTE THE THREE REPRESENTATIVE MODELS ILLUSTRATED

### NECKWEAR

Special showing of New Filet Lace Neckwear, consisting of separate Collars, Collar and Cuff Sets—also three-piece sets, Collar, Cuffs and Vestee. In spite of the embargo on this class of merchandise the prices are extremely moderate and the qualities are the best we can buy.

New Georgette Collars—\$1.25 to \$3.50.  
Organdy Collars and Collar and Cuff Sets, hand embroidered in dainty colors, finished with hand rolled colored edge. Collars, \$2.50.  
Hand Embroidered Net Collars, \$3.50.

Priced, \$1.25 to \$3.50.

PLAID, PLAIN AND SATIN GABARDINES,  
RUSSIAN AND COTTON CORDS—  
LINENS AND COTTON VOLES—

Priced from \$1.95 to \$15.00.

## Sale of Beautiful Geisha Kimonos

RECENT ARRIVALS FROM THE ORIENT—

Special at \$1.95, \$3.75 and \$3.95



Of true Japanese cut—interpreting the irresistibly perfect grace and charm of Oriental dress—heightened by handsome, effective embroidery patterns contrasting with backgrounds harmonious and colorful.

No. 1—all favored shades with pastel colored embroidery—\$3.75.  
No. 2—Excellent assortment of colorings with white embroidery—\$1.95.  
No. 3—in all desired colors with handsome pattern and dots embroidered in white—\$3.95.  
Napkins Section—3rd Floor.

## The Month of Opportunity To Those Who Seek Reliable Furs

Alert women are taking immediate action in turning the discounts of our August Fur Sale to their profitable advantage.

Wisdom emphasizes the importance of selecting early, for in the face of increasing scarcity in the output of desirable Furs, prices will increase when the unsurpassed collection we have expertly assembled in early purchase is exhausted.

## NEW COATEES—CAPE WRAPS—COATS—STOLES—MUFFS

testify to the rare style distinction and authenticity of the peltries in the Stevens Fur Salon.

Commensurate with the desire for unquestionable value, our reputation for reliability stands back of every carefully selected pelt. The selection includes the finest qualities in

HUDSON BAY AND JAP SABLE—HUDSON SEAL—SKUNK—BEAVER—KOLINSKY—MOLE—SQUIRREL—CANADIAN WOLF.

Early buying promises discriminating purchase and unparalleled economic advantages.

## A Feature Offering of Tub Skirts

These Wash Skirts embody the best style features and the most desirable wash materials the season affords—and every model is repriced to meet the warm weather demand for a generous supply at a satisfactorily modest outlay. The selection includes:

PLAID, PLAIN AND SATIN GABARDINES,  
RUSSIAN AND COTTON CORDS—  
LINENS AND COTTON VOLES—

Priced from \$1.95 to \$15.00.

## LIMITED GROUP OF SKIRTS IN Wool Jersey and Silk Jersey

priced to admit of a generous saving—formerly selling from \$7.50 to \$13.50. For quick selling at \$5.75.

## Summer Weight Knit Underwear

Just at the height of the season, when one needs them most, these Knit Vests and Union Suits afford worth-while economy advantages which will enable many women to replenish their Underwear supply to their entire satisfaction.

LISLE THREAD UNION SUITS—a splendid variety of fine light weight garments in white or pink. Each, 95c and \$1.35.

# WEST TWICE DEFEATS EAST IN SHOOT FOR RED CROSS AT ALBANY

## TRAPS STARS RAISE \$1,145 FOR WAR FUND

Amateurs of Troeh and Crosby's Pros Both Winners.

BY WALTER ECKERSALL.

Despite threatening weather indications, which kept down the attendance, the west demonstrated its superiority over the east in trap shooting and \$1,145 was realized for the Red Cross as a result of team races yesterday at the South Shore Country club, where the Grand American handicaps events will start today and continue through Friday.

In one of the best team races ever seen in the west, the western aggregation, captained by Frank Troeh, Washington state champion, defeated Charley Newcomb's eastern aggregation, 490 to 488. The western professional team, led by W. R. Crosby of O'Fallon, Ill., defeated a similar squad of eastern experts led by R. O. Helkes, 493 to 482.

Auction Official Jobs.

Before these races the privileges of refereeing, judging, and scoring the events were auctioned off by F. W. Roseberry of Baltimore, Md. Walter Peacock paid \$30 to referee at trap 1 and W. M. Simpson paid \$20 to act in the same capacity on trap 2. C. A. Hardy bought the judging privilege on trap 3, \$25; trap 4, \$20; trap 5, \$15; paid \$30 to judge on trap 3. Robert Morse paid \$30 to score on trap 3, and O. H. Hassell bought the privilege on the other trap for \$25.

After Auctioneer Roseberry had collected this money, he sold chances on the members of the amateur teams to the highest bidder. Any person present was allowed to bid on the chances of any shooter.

Mark Arle Brings \$125.

Bidding on the crack shooters was brisk, and Mark Arle of Thomaston, Ill., had the honor of being sold for the highest price. He brought \$125, but failed to bring his buyer any returns, as several others turned up and turned \$125 into \$150. Frank Troeh brought in \$100, while the other shooters ranged in prices down to \$10. The amount taken in for bidding for the shotshells netted \$120.

When the shoot was decided R. A. King of Delta, Colo.; Fred S. Tomlin of Pensacola, N. J., and Frank Wright of Buffalo tied for high scores with 98. T. A. Moran, D. J. Dalton, and W. M. Simpson, who had bid the highest for the chances of King, Tomlin, and Moran, all cashed in on their chance to the money, with the result the entire amount went to the Red Cross. Girls sold souvenir programs, which netted \$215. The money will go to the Chicago chapter of the Red Cross.

Arle Breaks 100 Straight.

In the other event held, a 100 bird race from the sixteen yard rise, Mark Arle of Thomaston, Ill., was high amateur with a perfect score, while Homer Clark and Russ Rasse tied for professional honors with scores of 98.

**AMATEUR CHAMPION WEST.**

R. A. King.....	25	25	25	25	25	Tot. 150
William Heer.....	25	24	25	25	25	125
J. E. Chaffield.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
E. O. Pendleton.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Mark Arle.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	25	600
Other scores—C. M. Powers, 96; William Whetstone, 96; A. E. Cheek, 96; George Holl, 95.						

**EAST.**

Frank Wright.....	25	25	25	25	25	Tot. 125
Fred Tomlin.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
M. D. Bear.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
E. O. Pendleton.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Charley Newcomb.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	25	600
Other scores—George M. P. 96; John Martin, 95; C. D. Coburn, 95; M. B. Stewart, 92; W. M. Simpson, 92.						

**PROFESSIONAL.**

**WEST.**

Rush Bass.....	25	25	25	25	100
Homey Clark.....	25	25	25	25	99
Frank Bill.....	25	25	25	25	99
Ed Graham.....	25	25	25	25	99
C. O. Le Compte.....	25	25	25	25	99
H. Kennicott.....	25	25	25	25	99
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	495
Other scores—George M. P. 96; John Martin, 95; C. D. Coburn, 95; M. B. Stewart, 92; W. M. Simpson, 92.					

**EAST.**

L. W. Cumberland.....	24	25	25	25	97
C. T. Stover.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. E. Goffield.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. O. Le Compte.....	25	25	25	25	98
H. Kennicott.....	25	25	25	25	98
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	497
Other scores—Art Kilian, 96; Jay Graham, 95; Sam Lewis, 95; Phil Miller, 95; C. G. Spencer, 95.					

**TOURNAMENT NOTES.**

George A. Miller, 9 year old shooter from Brewton, Ala., arrived and shot in a few events. He handles his small gauge gun well and is receiving valuable pointers from the experts, who are taking a keen interest in the young star.

Jack Wolfe, known in the shooting game as Capt. Jack, arrived yesterday and wore his customary wild west clothes.

The strong wind coming in from the lake not only made good shooting impossible, but raised havoc with the tents.

**Auto Injures Trap Star on Way Here for Shoot.**

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 4.—(Special)—A. C. Connor, one of the best known amateur trapshooters in the central west, was run down by an automobile today and painfully injured. The accident happened as Connor was on his way to a train for Chicago to compete in the Grand American handicap;

## Woods and Waters & LARRY ST. JOHN

### VOX POP ON "STRIPPING WITH GULLET."

**C**HICAGO.—(To the Editor.)—I have enjoyed your "dope" so frequently and feel that we fel lows should reciprocate more often than I have here a little "stuff" that may be of interest.

Now can you tell your column readers what you know how to fish go to Powers Lake, Wis.? I say go there if you know how to fish. For seven years I've spent two to four weeks at this lake every summer—with comparatively poor success. This week I put in about three or four days with no results. On Friday night I met Mr. Wilcox, a resident neighbor, who wanted to know "what luck." I told him, "None, these bears are fished out."

"No, you don't go after 'em right," Wilcox said back. "I'm going out after supper and I'll bring you back some fine fish."

In two hours he was back with a little less than three pounds each. He got them in one complete casting tour around the lake. The next night he and Mrs. Wilcox made the trip and brought back five bass—one was as pretty a fish as a little boy could ask to catch, little under five pounds.

"I think we get fine bass here," he said. "I've fished it. Then he told me how to get them. He uses an old fashioned long bamboo pole with little brass eyesets through which he runs the line, no leader, a steel hook, and a weight."

He carefully cuts the gullet (the soft meat under the jaw) of a big bass, pickerel, or pike. When this is cut properly it makes a wonderful bait. Mrs. Wilcox, who is just as successful as her husband, prefers an inch square of pork rind on a plain hook. They buy a glass jar filled with fish gutlets soaked in概况 water and add a few ready for bass. They just toss the bait out and then they jerk the bait back and forth, not using a reel. In short quick jerks—and I'm telling you I saw this! I am now taking lessons from Wilcox. I am going to learn how to fish."

Yours truly,

W. T. S.  
Editor's note.—This writer is the author of "Stripping with Gullet." The method described is merely skittering, slightly reeling, and casting a reel with a line 10 feet long, not using only a reel and pork rind, spoon, or a hank of picket, nor does it require a special fishing method, especially at night on a clear water lake like Powers.

Mark Arle Brings \$125.

Bidding on the crack shooters was brisk, and Mark Arle of Thomaston, Ill., had the honor of being sold for the highest price. He brought \$125, but failed to bring his buyer any returns, as several others turned up and turned \$125 into \$150. Frank Troeh brought in \$100, while the other shooters ranged in prices down to \$10. The amount taken in for bidding for the shotshells netted \$120.

When the shoot was decided R. A. King, 96; William Heer, 96; J. E. Chaffield, 96; E. O. Pendleton, 96; Mark Arle, 95.

**AMATEUR CHAMPION EAST.**

R. A. King.....	25	25	25	25	25	Tot. 125
William Heer.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
J. E. Chaffield.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
E. O. Pendleton.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Mark Arle.....	25	25	25	25	25	125
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	25	600
Other scores—C. M. Powers, 96; William Whetstone, 96; A. E. Cheek, 96; George Holl, 95.						

**EAST.**

L. W. Cumberland.....	24	25	25	25	97
C. T. Stover.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. E. Goffield.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. O. Le Compte.....	25	25	25	25	98
H. Kennicott.....	25	25	25	25	98
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	497
Other scores—Art Kilian, 96; Jay Graham, 95; Sam Lewis, 95; Phil Miller, 95; C. G. Spencer, 95.					

**TOURNAMENT NOTES.**

George Lowden will speak at the Lexington hotel at 2:30 this afternoon in support of the \$60,000,000 good roads bond issue project, whose terms he dictated when the measure was drawn and for which, to a certain degree, he stands sponsor. The governor believes that the bond issue should be authorized at the November elections, but unfortunately, not in a position to do anything in particular about it.

The law, says Mr. Emmeron in a communication to Charles M. Hayes, president of the Illinois Motor Club, requires the owner of a motor vehicle to register it within ten days after he becomes its owner. For the first registration the owner is entitled to a prorated fee, provided he purchases the car after the first quarter of the year.

"Many motorists think of sending in affidavits claiming their cars were purchased in the second, third, or even the fourth quarter, when in reality the purchases were made in the first quarter.

These practices should be stopped, for they are cutting down the revenue of the state at a time when such leaks can least be afforded."

In the other event held, a 100 bird race from the sixteen yard rise, Mark Arle of Thomaston, Ill., was high amateur with a perfect score, while Homer Clark and Russ Rasse tied for professional honors with scores of 98.

**AMATEUR CHAMPION WEST.**

Rush Bass.....	25	25	25	25	100
Homey Clark.....	25	25	25	25	99
Frank Bill.....	25	25	25	25	99
Ed Graham.....	25	25	25	25	99
C. O. Le Compte.....	25	25	25	25	99
H. Kennicott.....	25	25	25	25	99
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	495
Other scores—George M. P. 96; John Martin, 95; C. D. Coburn, 95; M. B. Stewart, 92; W. M. Simpson, 92.					

**EAST.**

L. W. Cumberland.....	24	25	25	25	97
C. T. Stover.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. E. Goffield.....	25	25	25	25	98
C. O. Le Compte.....	25	25	25	25	98
H. Kennicott.....	25	25	25	25	98
Grand total.....	25	25	25	25	497
Other scores—Art Kilian, 96; Jay Graham, 95; Sam Lewis, 95; Phil Miller, 95; C. G. Spencer, 95.					

**TOURNAMENT NOTES.**

George A. Miller, 9 year old shooter from Brewton, Ala., arrived and shot in a few events. He handles his small gauge gun well and is receiving valuable pointers from the experts, who are taking a keen interest in the young star.

Jack Wolfe, known in the shooting game as Capt. Jack, arrived yesterday and wore his customary wild west clothes.

The strong wind coming in from the lake not only made good shooting impossible, but raised havoc with the tents.

**Auto Injures Trap Star on Way Here for Shoot.**

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 4.—(Special)—A. C. Connor, one of the best known amateur trapshooters in the central west, was run down by an automobile today and painfully injured. The accident happened as Connor was on his way to a train for Chicago to compete in the Grand American handicap;

## WALTER HAYES FINALLY LANDS WESTERN TITLE

### Beats Sam Hardy in Net Final; Wins Doubles with Burdick.

#### Final Matches Today

8 p.m.—Miss Neely vs. Mrs. Northup.

Women's Doubles, 4:30 p.m.—Mrs. Northup and Miss Neely vs. Miss Leighton and Mrs. Field.

Men's Doubles, 4:30 p.m.—Mr. Corbett and Mr. Fitzsimmons vs. Mr. Burdick and Mr. Hardin.

Men's Singles, 4:30 p.m.—Walter Hayes vs. Sam Hardy.



**The Food Administration**

Suggests that we are at a common table with our allies. Serve smaller portions, so the food supply will go around.

# CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

*The Advent of a New Season*  
is delightfully evident throughout the store—  
everywhere one meets the new for Fall 1918.

## The Lowest Prices of the Season in This August Fur Sale

And this lowest price is placed on furs of quality of the highest order, fashioned by expert workmen into styles that authoritatively define the new modes.

### Coats, Coates, Sets, All Are Included

Coats of every fashionable fur, with specialized styles for misses, and even for little girls. Particularly featured:

### Coats of Hudson Seal (Dyed Muskrat) of Exceptional Qual- ity, at \$275

A luxuriously full style in the 40-inch length. Sketched at right. Other Hudson seal (dyed muskrat) coats, \$185 to \$600.

### Natural Muskrat Coats, \$97.50

With deep shawl collars and cuffs, as one may note in the sketch at the left. Other muskrat coats, \$115 to \$135.

Capes and coates of Hudson seal (dyed muskrat) are \$87.50 to \$265. Small scarfs and neckpieces one may have at \$15 to \$77.50.

All furs purchased will be stored until delivery if requested.

### Fourth Floor, North

## In the Midsummer Shoe Sale Are 5,000 Pairs of Women's Low Cut Shoes at \$5.45 Pair

Every pair from our regular stocks, which gives foreknowledge of style correctness and quality.

Included are:

Tan calf and black calf Oxfords,

Patent leather, dull kid and black kid Oxfords,

Patent leather and dull kid pumps,

White canvas pumps and Colonials.

Reductions are emphatically in your favor in these extensive assortments at \$5.45 pair, just as they are in all assortments from our regular stocks, which have been reduced for the Annual Midsummer Sale of High-Grade Shoes.

### 3,000 Pairs of Women's Boots at \$7.95 Pair

These include tan calf boots, dull kid boots, brown kid boots and fashionable boots in combination leathers, and fancy street and afternoon styles, substantially reduced to \$7.95 pair.

Annual Midsummer Shoe Sale reductions prevail on numerous assortments of misses', girls' and children's shoes from our regular stocks.

### Third Floor, South

## New Fall Blouses Declare Georgette Crepe Ever Fashion Triumphant

There are blouses here for every occasion and many that meet most any occasion, and among the latter are the two.

### Lovely New Blouses Featured at \$5.75 and \$8.75

These are charming with the white skirt for afternoon wear, and smart to the same degree with the summer travel suit.

The Georgette crepe blouse at \$5.75 is either white or flesh, has the rounded neck and buttons at the back. At right.

The Georgette crepe blouse at \$8.75 is in the simple, girlish slipover style with a fine net collar. At the left.

### Fourth Floor, North

## House Dresses in August

### Introduce a New Style at \$4.50

A cool and comfortable style, fresh-looking and dainty

—as a house dress should be in summer, practical enough for any work about the house, smart enough to wear a summer afternoon out-of-doors.

### Priced at a Great Advantage as Women Who Know Values Will Note

Fashioned of voile, white with small bars made by green, lavender, blue, black or pink lines. The collar is of sheer, crisp organdie. Sketched.

Summer house dresses, in many styles of voiles, percales, ginghams, \$2.95 to \$5.95.

### Third Floor, North

## New Fall Millinery Modes

### Make Their First Appearance in the French Room

Seemingly simple are these new fall hats, but in reality they are masterpieces in line and in the detail of the hand-worked garnitures.

### They Give Affirmation to the Vogue of Pale Tan Tones in Soft Fabrics

The sizes vary from the sailor, wide of brim and high of crown, to the smallest of close, smart turbans.

Soft, flattering edges are noted in many hats. Others have a piquante irregularity of brim most becoming. Taffeta, satin and satin soleil are prominent.

Priced Variously from \$16.50 to \$25

### Fifth Floor, South

## Women's Suits—Fall 1918

### A Charming Display of New Modes

Every single separate mode with an individualistic touch. Altogether a collection presenting the new at its best, making early choice delightful.

### New Colors—New Fabrics The New Silhouette

All are presented. Here are rich autumnal browns, a blue of depth and beauty, called Delphine, soft mist grays and Oxford tones.

Fabrics give special prominence to the duvet weaves, one called twillette, and another, duvet melange, are new.

Lines are faultlessly tailored, simple, with marked attention to collar and sleeve details. Note the two sketches.

—Prices Range from \$40 to \$215

### Fourth Floor, North

## Women's New Fall Frocks Of Georgette Crepe and Soft Satins

Embodying all that is new in line and garniture come these frocks in just the fabrics that make them most desired for immediate wear.

### There's the Most Delightful Choice from \$40 to \$77.50

At \$40 are Georgette crepe frocks, navy blue, white or gray, with tiered pleated skirt.

At \$55 are satin frocks with rows of tiny buttons set in long, slim panels, and with a bit of a white satin collar.

At \$45 are frocks which unite both satin and Georgette crepe in bandings.

At \$77.50, satin frocks with the iridescent beads outlining the square cut bodice.

The frock at the left is of Georgette crepe, \$40. The frock at the right is of satin, braided, \$75.

### Fourth Floor, North



### Pure Silk Sweater Coats Through a Special Purchase, \$19.75

We consider the sweater coats in this sale among the finest, in every point silk sweater coats are judged, that have ever come to this section.

### There Are Exactly Eighty of These in Variety of the Smartest Styles

And there are but few of any one style.

The silk is uncommonly rich and heavy in weave. The colorings beautiful, many most unusual in combination of plaid. The four styles, typical of the many, serve to point out the distinctiveness of these sweater coats.

In view of the number, the unusual pricing and variety, early choosing is highly advisable at \$19.75.

### Third Floor, North

Fashioned of voile, white with small bars made by green, lavender, blue, black or pink lines. The collar is of sheer, crisp organdie. Sketched.

Summer house dresses, in many styles of voiles, percales, ginghams, \$2.95 to \$5.95.

### Third Floor, North

*The Twice-Yearly Sales for the Home*  
are typical of the opportunities abounding  
throughout this store these days.

## Fine Summer Furniture A Final Clearance

All our finer pieces of summer furniture are included—

Side chairs, arm chairs and rockers, club chairs, settees, day beds, chaises longues, tables, desks, tea-wagons, ferneries and other pieces.

There is reed furniture—some of it in complete sets, finished in enamels of different colors, including Nile green, blue, and antique ivory.

Real French willow furniture in the silver gray tone, And fiber reed furniture in old ivory

As well as sample pieces of summer furniture in brown, slightly soiled. All are marked for immediate disposal—



### Now \$5.50 up to \$40 Each

They are priced according to the piece and quality.

### For the Twice-Yearly Sale extensive reductions are in force throughout our entire assortments of furniture.

### Sixth Floor, North

## A Special Selling of Eighty Pairs of Velour Portieres \$13.50 Pair

The Twice-Yearly Sales for the Home bring an excellent opportunity to select portieres.

These, for instance. They are single faced, full width, of velour of splendid quality.

The colors include blue, rose, mulberry and brown. Only eighty pairs are in this special grouping at \$13.50 pair.

### Extensive Reductions Throughout Our Entire Stock of Lace Curtains

And sectional panel laces have been instituted for the Twice-Yearly Sales for the Home.

### Sixth Floor, North

## Linens Sharply Reduced

Linens are scarce and here is an unusual opportunity provided by this selling of—

### Three Hundred Odd and Slightly Soiled All Linen Table Cloths

In sizes 2 x 2 yards to 2 1/2 x 4 yards, they are offered at decided reductions to effect an immediate clearance.

### Second Floor, North

## Sample Lamps—Special Sale

We secured a sample line of beautiful lamps.

They are odd and unusual—and the pricing bears very little relation to usual cost.

Included are table lamps, boudoir lamps and a few desk sets and bronze figures, and there are no duplicates in the line.

### —Priced according to kind—from \$7.50 to \$30.

### One Hundred Red Cross Sewing Lamps, \$5 Complete

These attractive little lamps, illustrated, have covered pocket for needle and thread and are particularly appropriate as gifts.

### One Hundred Brass Desk Lamps Now \$1.50 Each

These are adjustable at all angles, and especially suitable for sewing machine or reading table, or wherever a low light, at just the right angle, is desired.

### Fifth Floor, North

## 73 Oak Porch Swings, \$4.50

Just seventy-three of these well-made porch swings, in forest green finish, are offered at this pricing.

The four-foot, five-foot and six-foot lengths are included, and a few of these swings are adjustable.

While present assortment lasts, this special pricing will obtain, \$4.50 ea.

### Seventh Floor, South

## Wool-Mixed Blankets, \$12.50

In the Twice-Yearly Sales for the Home, blanket stocks bear extensive reductions.

These wool-mixed blankets come in block and plaid designs, in pink, blue, tan and gray with white.

There are also blankets in white with pink and blue borders, finished with two-inch mohair binding. Both in size 70 x 80 inches, at \$12.50 pair.

Camp and outing blankets in dark blue-gray, brown and khaki, medium and heavy weights, are variously specially priced at \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$9.50 to \$15 each.

### Camp and Outing Blankets, \$12.50 Each

Covered with sateen in blue, tan and rose and in figured damask crepe, with plain borders, in large assortment of colors, size 72 x 78 inches, \$12.50 each.

Cotton comforters, covered with figured silk mull, with plain borders. Size 72 x 78 inches, \$5.50 each.

### Cotton Comforters, \$5.50 Each

Family-size clothes baskets strong and well made, \$1 each.

Square hampers, of whole willow, with wooden bottoms and hinged covers, \$3 each.

Japanese mahogany brown bamboo baskets for sandwiches, fruit and many other uses, 50c each.

Market or shopping baskets, white, whole willow, strong handles, 50c, 75c and \$1 each.

### Market and Shopping Baskets, \$1 Each

Scrap or waste basket, white enameled with gold garland decorations, \$1.50 each.

Market or shopping baskets, white, whole willow, strong handles, 50c, 75c and \$1 each.

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## FASHIONS BLUE BOOK



## Women in Wartime

BY LUCY CALHOUN.

An honor roll to be circulated in sections which when completed will weigh, it is estimated, close to a ton, is to be sent to Gen. Pershing. This honor roll will contain the names of all those persons who contribute to the funds for the prosecution of the war by purchasing at least one \$5 war savings stamp during "Pershing week," Aug. 15 to 22. The women's organization of the Cook County war savings committee has determined that at least 1,000,000 names shall be inscribed on the honor roll through their efforts.

To Mrs. Frederick Tahl and her committee has been given the task of canvassing 100 office buildings in the city and in addition various large manufacturing plants. Beauty parlors will also be visited and the fair manicure ladies solicited for funds. Clothes shops catering to exclusive trade are also on the list.

Miss Tahl's workers are to carry a card index with them in which they will have the names of the presidents of all the large firms in various buildings, and when the office boys are asked to contribute their gum and movie money, the "bosses" will be gently but firmly informed that they are expected to start the ball rolling with maximum subscriptions as firms and as individuals. Every crusader with Gen. Pershing is to be represented by one "war savings" crusader at home in the "Pershing week" drive. So may the members of the committee. Amen!

### Nursed Reservist Posters.

United States students' reserve poster contest was put from the First ward enrollment station, 28 South Washington avenue, and distributed among the loop stores on Saturday by Boy Scouts from the Northwestern headquarters. Wilson Rutherford, assistant scout executive, sent the boys to Mrs. F. M. Chamberlain, who has charge of that station. Mrs. Chamberlain also reports that twelve school teachers are assisting him with the enrollment.

### For a "United America."

"The best war work is a united America," said Miss Margaret W. Eddington, chairman of the Americanization committee of the women's committee of the State Council of Defense. "To carry out this idea, we are offering a course of training in teaching English to foreign speaking adults to be conducted by Dr. Caroline Hedges and Miss Frances Wetmore, from Aug. 19 to 26, at the Woman's City club, 116 South Michigan avenue."

"There are three objects of this institution. The first is to assist Americans to understand, to appreciate, and to be of service to their foreign speaking neighbors; the second is to utilize the fine spirit of service among new Americans largely unrecognized through the lack of a common language; and the third is to unite the aims and ideals of both native and foreign born for a better American citizenship."

### War Gardens Flourishing.

Old "swimmin' hole" may be a bit neglected this year, but the war gardens are flourishing, and there are numbers of people who are about to be "cited" for withstanding the temptation to go swimming and sticking to the hose instead. Mary with the garden contriv will get her war medal and so will Johnnie. Little gardeners all over the city are being recommended to the State Council of Defense for "decorations" which are to be given to the children just as the soldiers are.

The first gardeners to be "cited" for fidelity were three little children from the Twenty-fifth ward, gardening under the direction of Mrs. C. J. Slocum. When everybody else went down to the lake for a dip, they stayed and kept garden, and so may be in line for a T-RAINS medal. Mrs. A. O. Erickson and her committee in charge of the Netherton school have a list from Uncle Sam's own garden, recommending the Hawthorne school, recommending seven gardeners in particular, whose plots are clean and whose results excellent. These children are John Martin, 3452 Elaine place; Herbert O. Erickson, 514 Belmont avenue; Forest Dustin, 722 Cornelia; Harry Decker, 3424 Elaine place; Marshall Tollakson, 908 Roscoe street; Lew Byk Shear, 755 Brompson place, and Vernon Fox, 610 Roscoe street.

The municipal tuberculosis sanitarium at North Crawford and Bryn Mawr avenues is presenting with garden this year and recommends to succeed the following children being named for commendation or medals: Hugo Lundgren, Nathan D. Vordy, William Stender, Anthony Hoffert, Harold Cunningham, Abraham Kohl, Napoleon Ryusich, Bennie McCann, Jerry Grossberg, Henry Peterman, Kenneth Ragland, Edgar Hartman, William Zuhashy, and Walter Fox, 610 Roscoe street.

### Marshall at Rock River.

Dixon, Ill., Aug. 4.—[Special.]—Thomas R. Marshall vice president of the United States, was the principal speaker at the Rock River assembly here today. Six thousand people attended the auditorium. Tomorrow is Illinois centennial day at the assembly, and at 2 o'clock former Gov. Richard Yates will speak on "Our Country, Our Duty."

### Common chickweed (*stellaria media*); flower enlarged X5.—Bailey.

Chickweed is usually less than six inches in length, either upright or creeping, with leaves about a half inch long and star shaped, white flowers.

# Resinoi

stops itching  
instantly!

The moment that Resinoi Ointment touches itching skin the itching usually stops and healing begins. That is why doctors have prescribed it so successfully for many years even in severe cases of eczema, ringworm, rashes, and many other tormenting, disfiguring skin diseases. Aided by warm baths with Resinoi Soap, Resinoi Ointment makes a sick skin or scalp healthy, quickly, easily and at little cost.

Resinoi Ointment is so easily absorbed that it can be used on exposed surfaces without attracting notice. Contains Resinoi Oil, Resinoi Soap, Resinoi Cream and Resinoi Soap are sold by all druggists. Resinoi Ointment comes in two sizes (16 and 32 oz.) per tube. The larger size holds twice the smaller.

## Women in Wartime

BY LUCY CALHOUN.

Perhaps You Saw Her on the Stage in "Polly of the Police" or "The Girl from Rochester."

JANE NOVAK

*"The Curfew Rang at Nine but the Son Set at Twelve"*

*"A NINE O'CLOCK TOWN"*

*"Bright Sayings of the Children"*

## Tribune Cook Book

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Did you notice what our gardener said about tomatoes Saturday, last? Let us take time to note his last paragraph, which said that "tomatoes are ripened in any weather, and return unripe contributions. Please write right sayings to Auntie Bee, "Tribune," Chicago."

Lots was politely trying to entertain his baby cousin and had spread her playthings out on the floor beside her.

The baby's mother, seeing a marble in the child's lap, said to Lots: "Don't let the baby have the marbles, Lots. She might swallow them." "That's all right, auntie," Lots answered gravely. "I have plenty more." L. F.

Fancher was counting the money which his parents and aunts had given him for his birthday. Benny, his five year old cousin, watched him a trifle enviously and said with great dignity: "I don't get my money by birthdays, I earn mine." L. F.

In this town was a department store known as the Emporium. It had been started by John Clary, acting on the advice of his son, David Clary, who, after a month's visit to New York, had bust into his home town chock full of modern ideas which his father had followed to a certain extent, most grudgingly, it must be admitted.

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## Book

## Society and Entertainments

White Mountains  
Lure Chicagoans  
for August Outing

Miss Oliva Carlson

Miss Oliva Carlson, in the uniform of a Red Cross nurse, will sell flowers at the benefit for the Illinois Volunteer Training corps tonight and tomorrow night at the Arena Polar grove.

## Community Cannery.

A community cannery where on Tuesdays and Wednesdays at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. you can can the vegetables that you have raised in your war garden is one of the many things accomplished by the Chicago Woman's aid. There is no charge and the neighborhood is welcome. The cannery is located at Sinaloa Street, 4624 Grand boulevard. Mrs. Bertha S. Frank is chairman of the club's food conservation committee which has charge of the cannery. Lectures are given and practical demonstrations in the art of canning and conserving by other methods.

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# GREAT EVENTS LACK EFFECT ON STOCK MARKET

**U. S. Wire and Labor  
Moves Fail to Change  
Dullness.**

\$1,000  
of \$500  
of \$100  
of \$50

Electric  
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**HOTELS.**  
**THE PERFECT HOME**  
A Hotel That Is Different  
The Solution of the Servant Problem.

Beautifully furnished and equipped apartments, all of which are the best in the land, and the best in the country. The perfect home for those who want the best.

Suites consisting of living room, breakfast room, dining room, bath, perfectly appointed private lounge, and cafe; lawn and garden.

Delights of surroundings. Best training for service. Write for booklet.

**The Seville**

Sheridan-rd., at Busch-Blvd.  
Telephone Lake View 5000.

**The St. George**  
ON THE MIDWAY  
BLACKSTONE & GOTH-ST.  
Midway 5756.

OFFICES AND APARTMENTS  
IDEALLY LOCATED

FACTORY AND BUSINESS SUITES  
TRANSPORTATION UNEXPECTEDLY  
LOW RATES

L. C. L. CO. LTD. Owns and  
serves cars to door. Elevated near  
the lake.

Living room, kitchenette, bath, and sleeping  
porch included in glass.

EUROPEAN PLAN — \$45-\$60 per month  
for housekeeping furnished.

AMERICAN PLAN — \$35-\$40 per week  
family.

ST. GEORGE INN  
St. George Inn

OFFICES moderate.

**Hotel Arcola**  
AN IDEAL SUMMER HOME.

6800 SHERIDAN-Blvd.

PHOENIX ROCKERS PARK 7010.

Stately, comfortable, airy rooms, some  
of Rogers Park on famous Sheridan-Blvd.

One block from Lake Michigan.

Fine cars in connection.

One block from finest bathing beach.

Take N. W. to Loyola station and  
walk north on Sheridan-Blvd. to Park-  
bird.

**New Stanleigh**  
APARTMENT HOTEL.

6800 SHERIDAN-Blvd.

PHOENIX ROCKERS PARK 7010.

Stately, comfortable, airy rooms, some  
of Rogers Park on famous Sheridan-Blvd.

One and two room suites, with and  
without kitchenettes.

Take N. W. to Loyola station and  
walk north on Sheridan-Blvd. to Park-  
bird.

**Hotel Plymouth**

Near the beaches. Chicago's most popular  
North Shore hotel. Modern and absolutely  
clean, every room block of solid  
construction, every room comfortable,  
modern and clean.

Near lake and bathing beaches. Livestock  
and equipment for dogs, etc.

Modern rates. One block north of Wilson-  
ton, the most comfortable hotel in the  
area.

Take N. W. to Loyola station and  
walk north on Sheridan-Blvd. to Park-  
bird.

**KELLSHORE HOTEL**

The California Apartments  
of Chicago.

715-725 IRVING PARK-BLDV.

When in Chicago keep hours 7-11 P.M.

Near lake and bathing beaches. Livestock  
and equipment for dogs, etc.

Modern rates. One block north of Wilson-  
ton, the most comfortable hotel in the  
area.

Take N. W. to Loyola station and  
walk north on Sheridan-Blvd. to Park-  
bird.

**THE HIGHLANDS A NEW FIREPROOF**  
apt. hotel, modern furnished, in Beau-  
tiful location, from lake to park, with  
bath, sun porch, private porches, large  
private porches, large.

European.

4621 Sheridan-Blvd.

Ravenwood 3700. At 18 min. to loop.

EVERYTHING MOD-  
ERN, MOD. ROOMS.

RENT FROM \$15.00.

MOD. ROOMS.





Kolinsky effectively trims a Suit of Congo Duvetyn, priced at \$350.

#### Women's Suits

Despite the unusual manufacturing conditions existing today the new Autumn Suit modes are more engaging than for many seasons past. It is as though the designers, realizing that the materials at hand would not again be obtainable—at least for a long time to come—put forth unusual artistic efforts to develop them. Silvertone, Duvetyn and Duvet de Laine occupy the foreground of favor, while fur—Wolf, Beaver, Nutria, Hudson Seal, Australian Opossum and Squirrel—in big collars and wide cuffs form distinctive trimmings.

*Stock Floor, State Street.*

#### Misses' Apparel

It is the object of the Misses' Apparel Sections to offer for our patrons' selection those Frock and Coats, Suits and Skirts which are embodied the spirit of youth.

A large assortment of the early Autumn models is already here. In Suits such fabrics as Duvet de Laine, Cut Bolivia and Silvertone are popular, while Normandy, Crystal Cord, Pelutia and Frost Glo find favor in new Coat models, in all the colors endeared to youth. Frock are delightfully soft and clinging.

The several models sketched bear ready testimony to the varied assortments.

*Stock Floor, North Room, State Street.*

#### Sports Attire

The Section devoted exclusively to Sports Apparel has much to offer in advance models. Riding, hunting, golfing, climbing, motoring—all are provided for. Smart Norfolk Suits of English sun-proof fabrics; Riding Habits for either cross- or side-saddle wear; Accessories which include Hats, Scarfs, Stocks, Crops, Vests and Vestees, and the small necessities of dress. Appropriate Uniforms for women in wartime include Motor Corps, Naval Yeowomen and Canteen Service.

*Stock Floor, Hobart.*

#### Blouses

In the new Fall Blouses the dominating fabric is Crepe Georgette. The color combinations are distinctly different. Navy blue predominates in suit Blouses, but with touches of high color not seen before. Such pleasing combinations as Navy blue with French blue; and touches of scarlet; sunset and amber; taupe with French blue; American beauty with Persian are being shown. The price range is from \$15 to \$32.50 and up.

*Stock Floor, Middle Stock, State Street.*

#### Accessories

The carefully considered details of dress—it is the secret every well-dressed woman learns. This season as never before perhaps are the Sections displaying accessories—Gloves, Kerchiefs, Neckwear, Hosiery—been so well prepared to meet our patrons' needs. By a careful looking ahead there is now ready for selection a wide and varied assortment from which to choose.

*Stock Floor, State Street.*

# MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

## A Few Plain Facts

The entire industrial world is turned topsy turvy by wartime conditions. Hundreds of factories have been commandeered by the government. Thousands of skilled workers are "under orders." Transportation is precarious. Prices are advancing rapidly. Our entire scheme of living is being revolutionized.

Most important in the realm of Fashion is the unprecedented scarcity of fine materials. So serious is this that we are breaking the custom of many years to announce today our preparedness with new Autumn Models of the finer grades.

We deem it our duty to emphasize the necessity for buying all you need of the finer Autumn Apparel now. Later the very model you might wish may be gone beyond hope of replacement. Buy not one single item more than you need—but all that you can foresee the necessity for. **AND BUY NOW.**

Many fine materials made up into new models now in our stock will not again be obtainable until after the war.

*On this page we describe a few of our finer models. There are many others ready for selection. To buy now is the soundest kind of thrift.*



*At left above: A Frock of navy blue Crepe Georgette has a Satin skirt beneath, is trimmed with bugle beads and priced at \$97.50.*

*A Coat of Plucked Otter trimmed with Ringtail is one of several models of the same rare Fur recently received and a favorite of Fashion's. \$400.*

*A fawn Evora Cloth Coat, trimmed with Hudson Seal and fringed with Chenille, is decidedly girlish. \$175.*



*In foreground: A young woman's Frock of black and beaver Satin cleverly combined is priced, \$235.*

*In background: Brown Duvetyn is banded with Rock Sable in a Coat of new lines. \$295.*

*A Riding Habit of Oxford Melton Cloth is youthful and smartly tailored. \$57.50.*

*At right: A Wrap of taupe Duvetyn is snug about the ankles and trimmed with Kit Fox. \$250.*



#### Salon Francais

Hats for all occasions are here. Velvets and failles predominate with such trimmings as fan tail wings, Japanese aigrette, wooden beads in Oriental colors, peacock and parrot shades in silk embroidery and "aeroplane" bows of velvet on tiny turbans.

The Hats sketched on this page were selected from models in our Salon Francais and represent the newest Autumn modes.

*Fifth Floor, State Street.*

#### The Juvenile Floor—the Fourth

Not in any way to be outdone by the "grown-ups" the Juvenile Floor is equipped with whatever is interesting in Fall styles for little folks. From the practical school and play clothes to Apparel of Juvenile distinction the Fourth Floor is ready.

For the wee babies and little tots not yet arrived at the dignity of school years, there are all sorts of attractive and charming little models. Chief among these are the Hat and Coat Sets designed to meet the Autumn and Winter needs of little Miss "Two-to-Six." Of Velvet or Wool the Coats beautifully trimmed with Fur and priced \$40 and up.

Cunning Hats to match Coats, priced \$17.50 and up.

*Left: Navy blue tricotette Costume embroidered and trimmed with deep Silk Fringe. \$87.50.*

*Girls' Frock of navy blue Serge Linen or Serge upper, wool crocheted buttons. \$27.50.*

*Wee Coat, Geranium pink Broadcloth, Beaver trimmed. \$49.50; the Hat, \$12.*

*Young Girl's Coat of Duvet de Laine, Hudson Seal trimmed. \$195. Similar model without fur. \$110.*



*A Coat of old blue Duvetyn has embossed embroidery and taupe Nutria as trimming. \$325.*

#### Women's Coats

Coats show the trend of Autumn Fashions by many superb changes of style. The Chinese influence is felt in the Mandarin sleeve, a richness of trimming and a snugness about the ankles. Fabrics with such interesting names as Duvetyn, Pluchia and Evora, in the many shades of brown favored by Fashion, navy blue, Algerian and taupe, are lavishly trimmed with fur—Gun Metal, Squirrel, Taupe-dyed Nutria, Rock Sable, and Kolinsky dyed.

*Stock Floor, North Room, State Street.*

#### Buy Furs

##### During the August Sale

At the close of this annual event every Fur piece that remains will be advanced to its usual selling price. Now is the time to take advantage of the sale prices. Every piece of Fur in stock bears a special price during August—Collars, Capes, Muffs, Stoles, Scarfs, Coats and Coatees of all styles, Fur Robes and fur-lined Coats. Furs purchased now may be held in our storage vaults without charge.

##### Plucked Otter Coats

Plain or trimmed with contrasting Fur; in several varieties, \$300 to \$600.

For the added convenience of our younger patrons a Misses' Fur Section was formally opened August 1.

*Stock Floor, Webster Avenue.*

#### The August Sale of Shoes

A maximum of shoe-value is offered to every man, woman and child attending this great event. For every pair of Shoes in our entire stock bears an appreciable price-reduction during the month of August. If you have not secured your season's supply of Shoes, then attend this Sale and see the many opportunities for savings.

Many styles of these high qualities will not be made after October 1, 1918. The government has regulated styles, heights, colors and weights.

*Woman's old Children's, Fourth Floor and Basement. Men's, The Store for Men, Second Floor and Basement.*

#### Other August Sales

Save and Conserve.  
Men's Clothing. Boys' Clothing.  
Furniture. Domestic Rugs.  
Linens. Linoleums.  
White and Gold Dinner Sets.  
Metal Beds. Mattresses.  
Frames and Framing.

Lightless Night  
All shop windows  
signs and decorations  
must be turned off

VOLUME L

U.  
SENATE W  
HOUSE CO  
NEW DRA

By a Staff Correspondent  
Washington, D. C.—The administrative bill making men between 18 and 45 (including up to the birthday) subject to induction today in Congress and immediate delivery to the Senate and House committees.

It was accompanied by Maj. Gen. Enoch Crowder's letter.

Gen. Crowder's letter urged Congress to pass a bill to increase the age limit to 45.

The letter was a strong protest against the delays which from time to time interfere with the work of Congress.

Upon the receipt of the letter the Senate voted to prevent a suspension of the military affairs bill.

The military affairs bill was taken up the following day.

It was apparent that the report within a few days would be sent out to all senators for the transaction of business.

Deliberation in the House of Representatives

Representative Denman, chairman of the House Finance Committee, did not state his view as to impeaching the众議院 for speed action.

"I hardly think that the House will vote to impeach the众議院 until the House is in session," said Mr. Denman.

"The House will not be in session until Aug. 19," said Mr. Denman.

Mr. Denman's letter was written to the House of Representatives.

Estimated total number of United States between 18 and 45, inclusive, is 10,238,973.

7,724,482 are married, 2,398,845 are in agriculture; other data are scattered all over the country.

It would be hard to say how many of these men are in the service. The bill can be disposed of in a short time.

The众議院's objection will be age limits.

Mr. Denman's letter was written to the House of Representatives.

Gen. Crowder, in his letter, says:

"I transmit herewith the affects of the enlargement of the size of three groups 22-40, com-

45, combined with 18-20,

(Continued on page 2)